

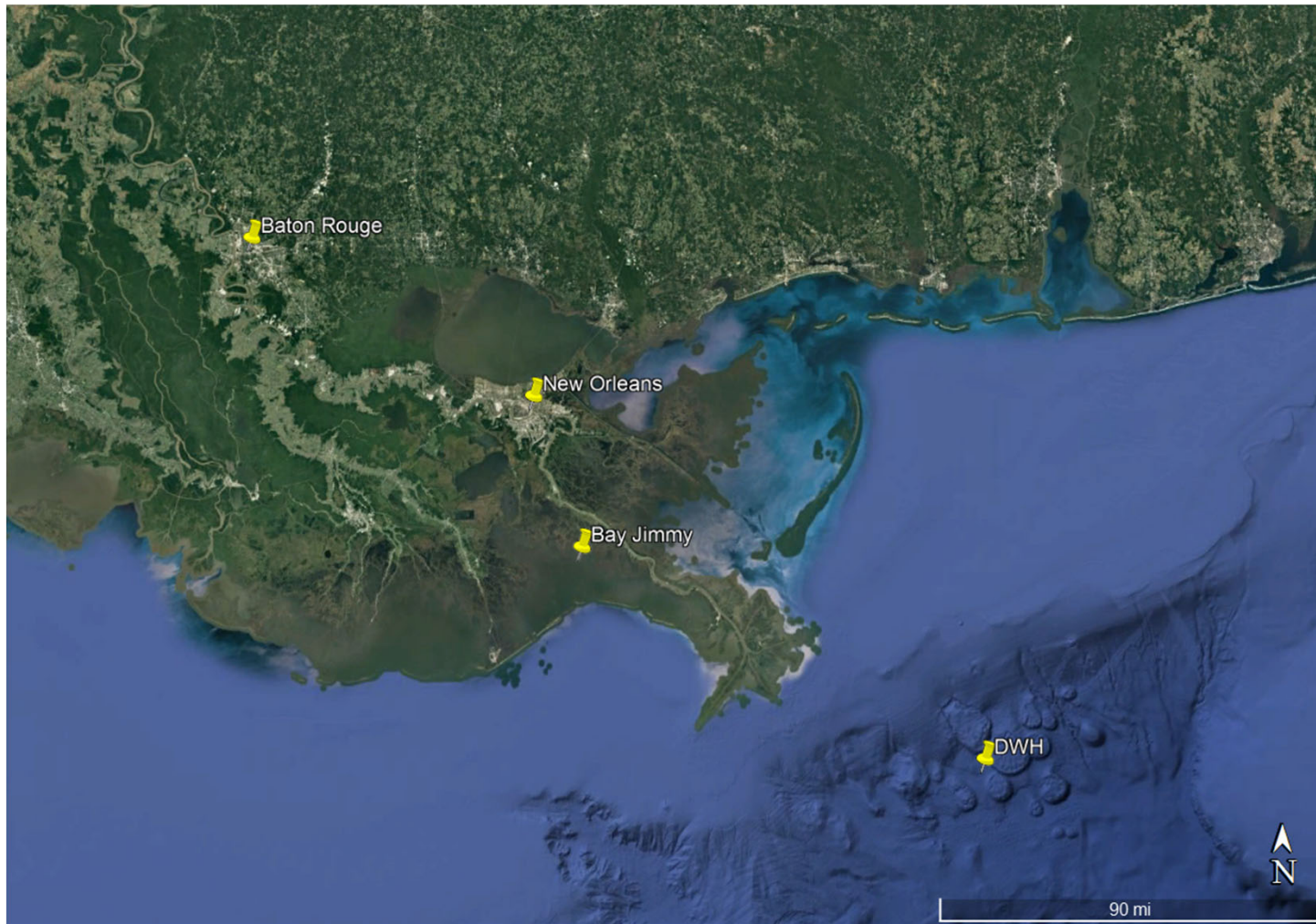


FATE OF ERODING CRUDE OIL ASPHALT AND EMULSION IN SHALLOW MARSH EMBAYMENTS

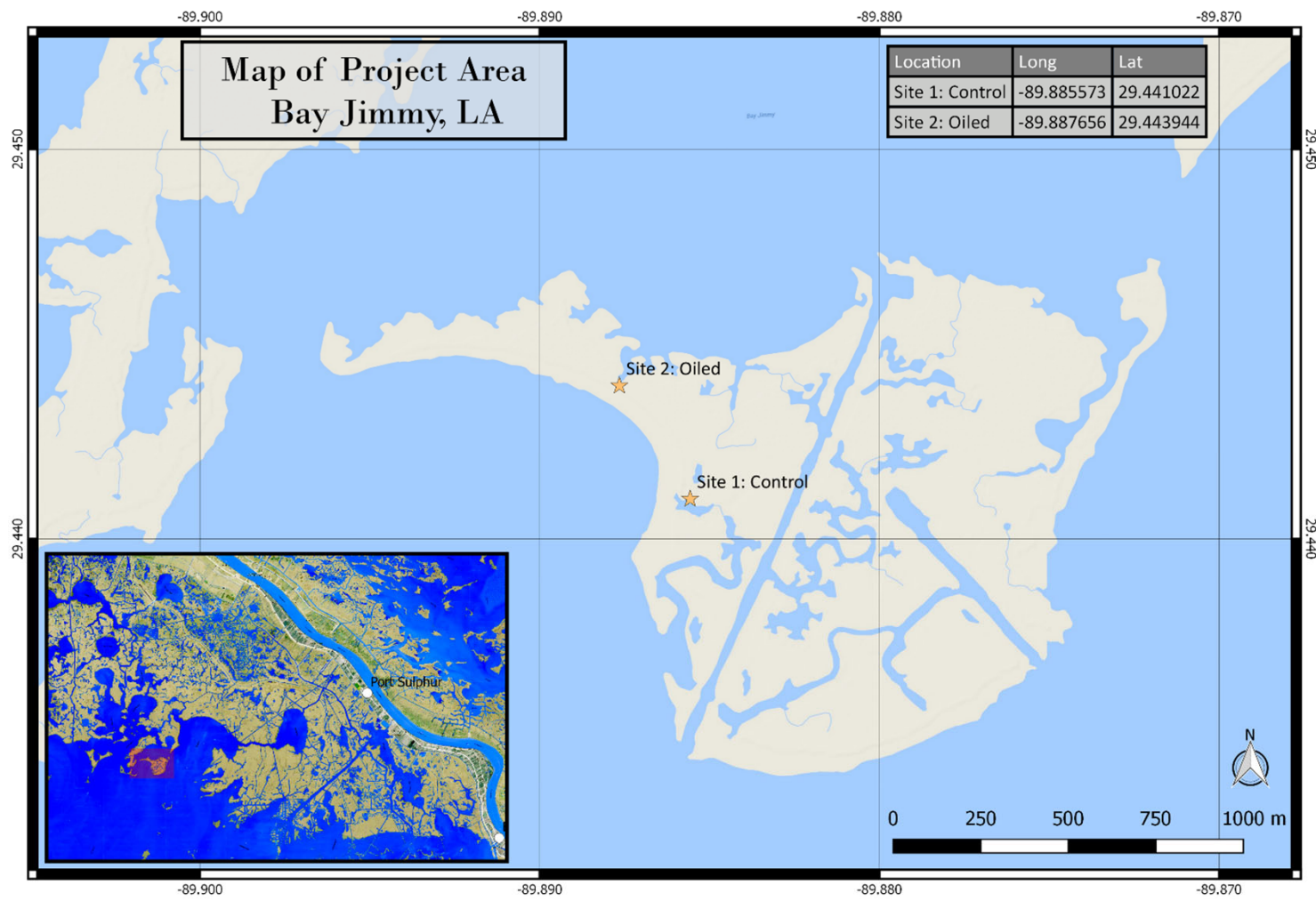
William Coronel, Vijaikrishnah Elango and John Pardue



South Louisiana

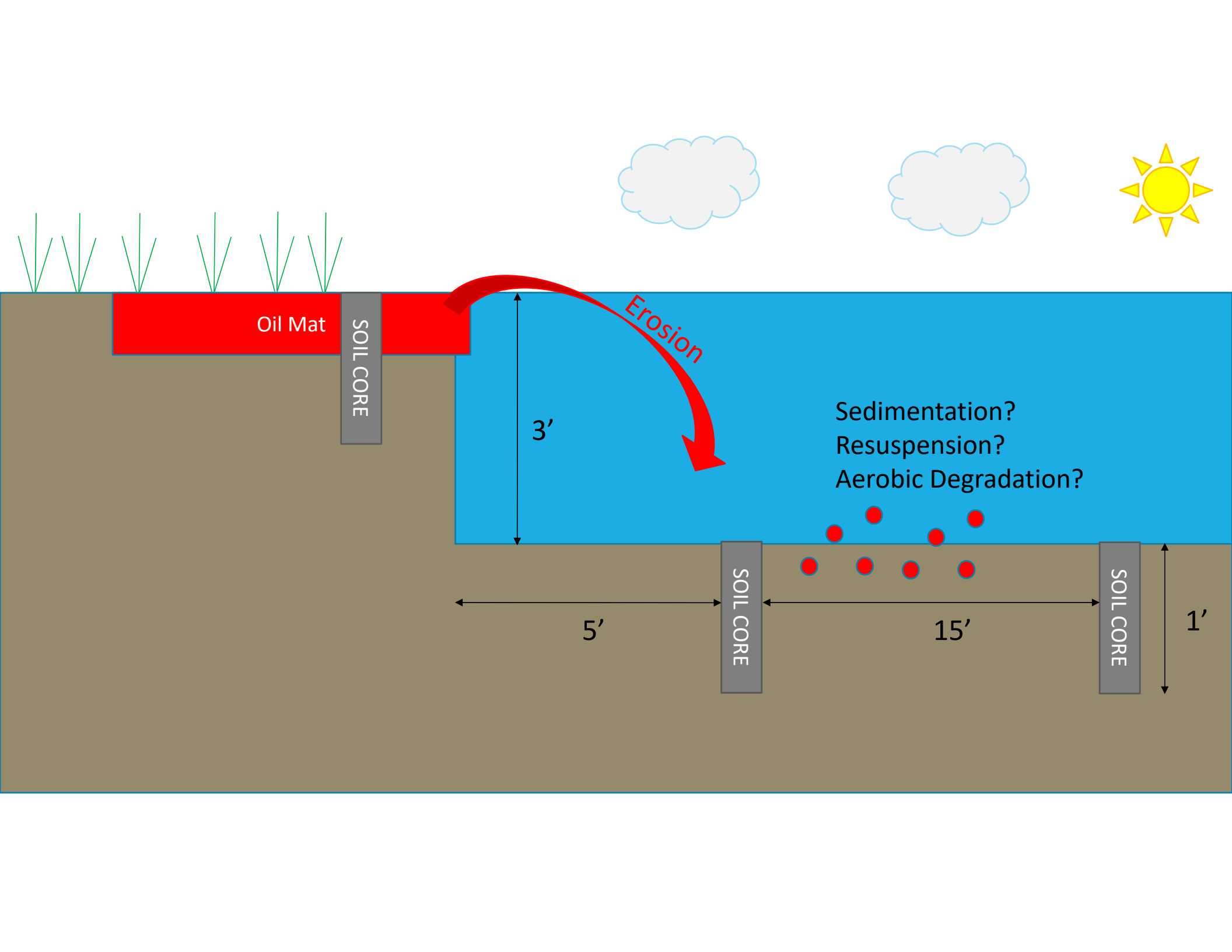


Study Site



Study Site





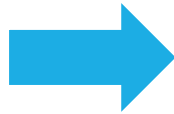
Field Study

- Sediment cores (12-inch) were taken July 2017 across transects on a contaminated marsh in Barataria Bay near Bay Jimmy where oiling occurred on the marsh surface



Methods

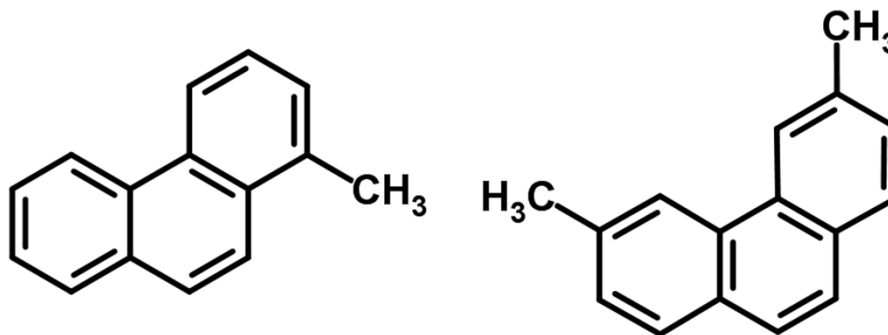
- GC-MS
- *Illumina* Miseq



PAHs of Interest

Naphthalenes	Phenanthrenes	Dibenzothiophenes	Chrysenes
C ₀ -Naphthalene	C ₀ -Phenanthrenes	C ₀ -Dibenzothiophenes	C ₀ -Chrysenes
C ₁ -Naphthalenes	C ₁ -Phenanthrenes	C ₁ -Dibenzothiophenes	C ₁ -Chrysenes
C ₂ -Naphthalenes	C ₂ -Phenanthrenes	C ₂ -Dibenzothiophenes	C ₂ -Chrysenes
C ₃ -Naphthalenes	C ₃ -Phenanthrenes	C ₃ -Dibenzothiophenes	C ₃ -Chrysenes
C ₄ -Naphthalenes	C ₄ -Phenanthrenes		

Fluorenes	Others
C ₀ -Fluorenes	Hopanes
C ₁ -Fluorenes	Fluoranthene
C ₂ -Fluorenes	Pyrene
C ₃ -Fluorenes	Acenaphthylene
	Acenaphthene



PAH Data Analysis

Weathering Ratio:

Weathering Ratio Phenanthrenes

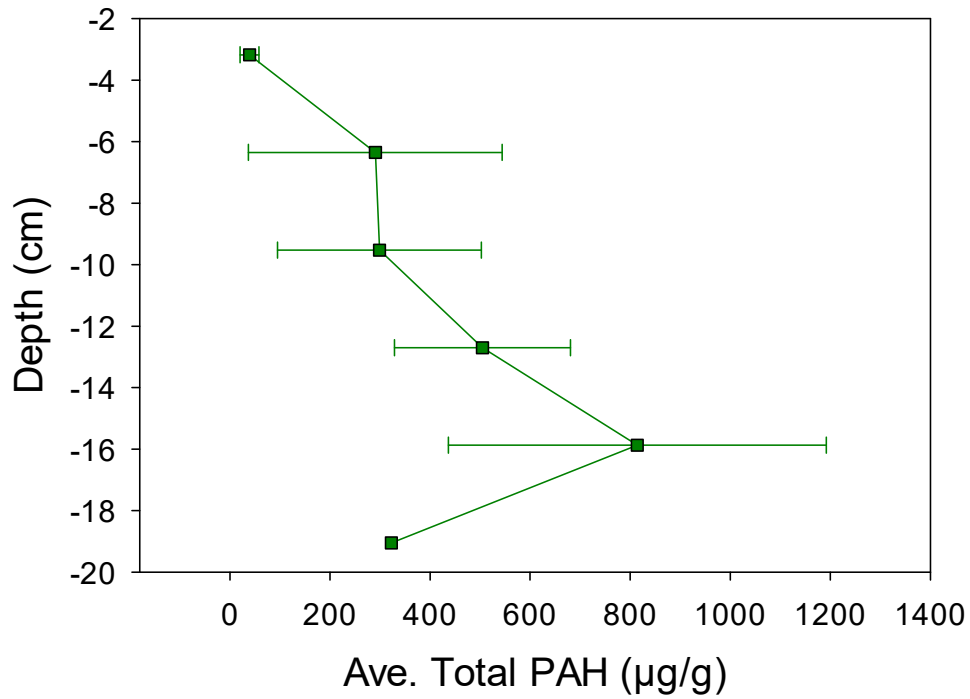
$$\frac{(\Sigma PHEN)}{(\Sigma PHEN + \Sigma CHRY)}$$

Weathering Ratio Dibenzothiophenes

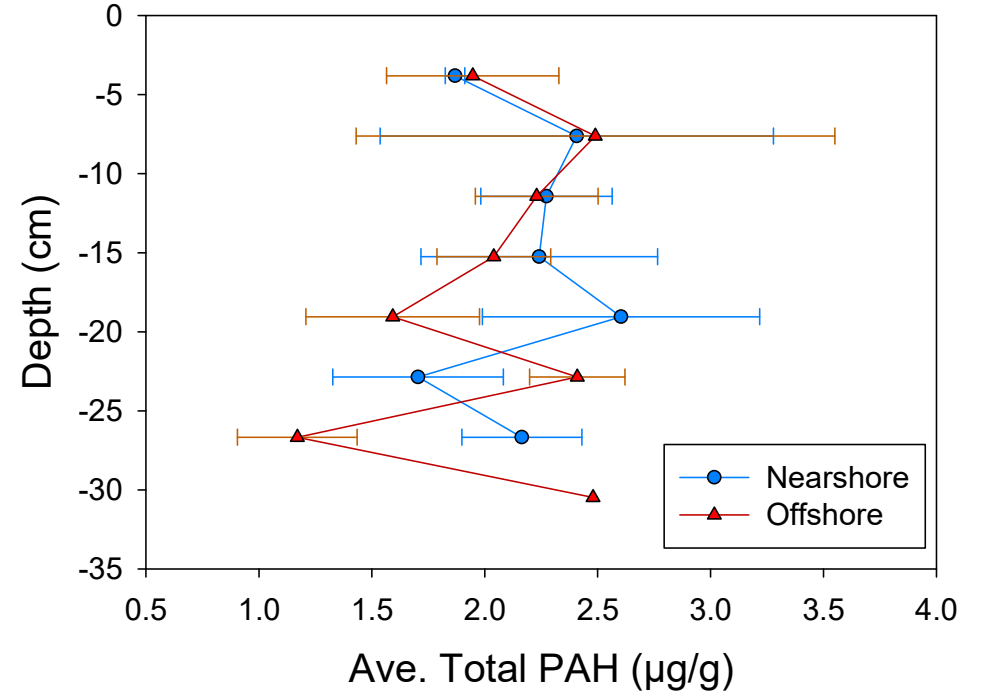
$$\frac{(\Sigma DBZ)}{(\Sigma DBZ + \Sigma CHRY)}$$

Sediment Core: Total PAH

Marsh

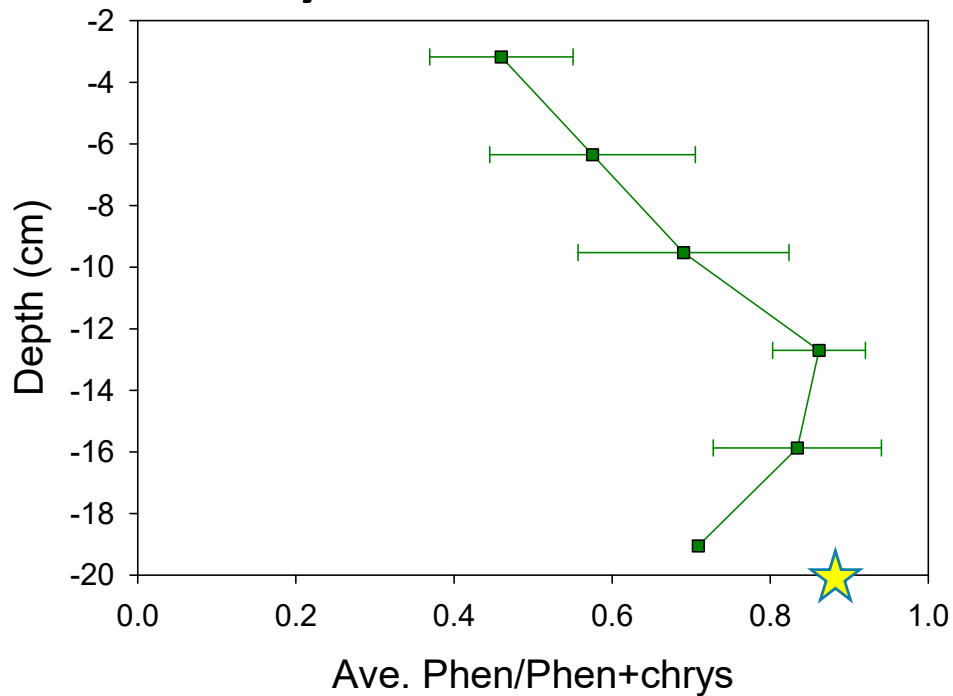


Nearshore and Offshore

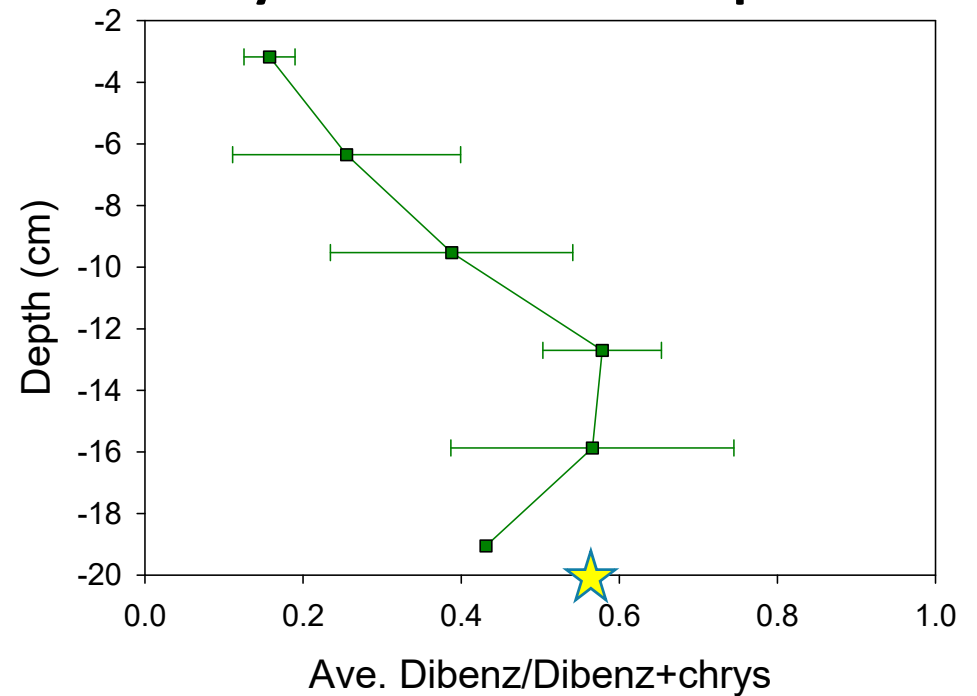


Sediment Core: Marsh Weathering Ratio

Alkylated Phenanthrenes



Alkylated Dibenzothiophenes



★ = Reference sample from Diercks et al. (2010) MC252 oil at the ocean surface near the well head

Bacterial Community Clustering

Is there a difference in bacterial community between highly contaminated marsh vs. nearshore and offshore sediments?

3M
2M
1M
3NS
2NS
1NS
3OS
2OS
1OS

M – Marsh

NS – Nearshore (5' from marsh)

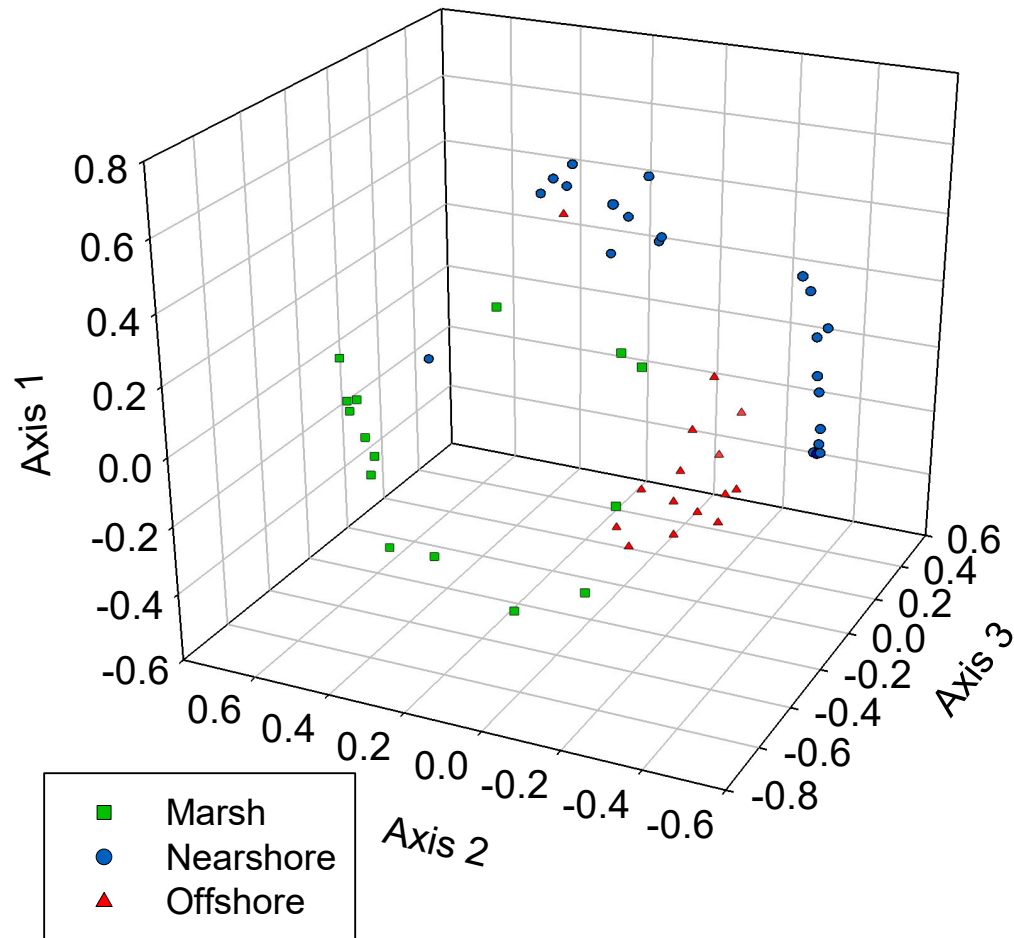
OS – Offshore (20' from marsh)

Google Earth

200 ft

N

Bacterial Community Clustering



Analysis of Molecular Variance

Comparison	p-value
Marsh vs. Nearshore	<0.005
Marsh vs. Offshore	<0.005
Nearshore vs. Offshore	<0.005

Bacterial Community Clustering Field Study

Marsh vs. Nearshore

% Abundance	Class
17	*Gammaproteobacteria
6.2	*Deinococci
4.9	*Deferribacteres
1.9	Campylobacteria
7.8	Actinobacteria
7.3	*Bacilli
4.4	*Anaerolineae
3.0	Spirochaetia
1.7	Clostridia
1.1	Calditrichia

Marsh vs. Offshore

% Abundance	Class
17	*Gammaproteobacteria
6.2	*Deinococci
4.9	*Deferribacteres
1.9	Campylobacteria
4.1	Actinobacteria
3.6	Spirochaetia
2.8	*Anaerolineae
2.7	Atribacteria
1.5	Deltaproteobacteria

Nearshore vs. Offshore

%Abundance	Class
3.3	*Anaerolineae
1.7	Clostridia
1.1	Calditrichia
2.7	Atribacteria
1.7	Anaerolineae
1.5	Deltaproteobacteria

Phylotypes above 1% abundance with statistical significance ($\alpha = 0.005$)

*Sum of the % abundance of multiple species under same class

Lab Study

Pebble



Emulsion



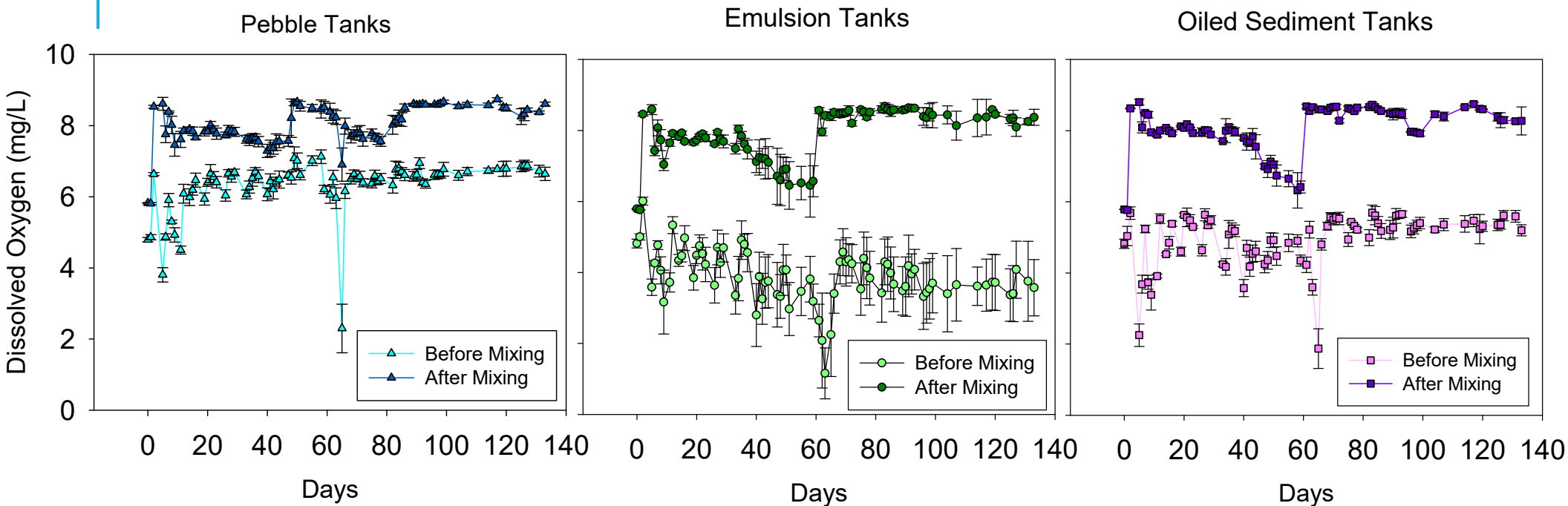
Oiled Sediment



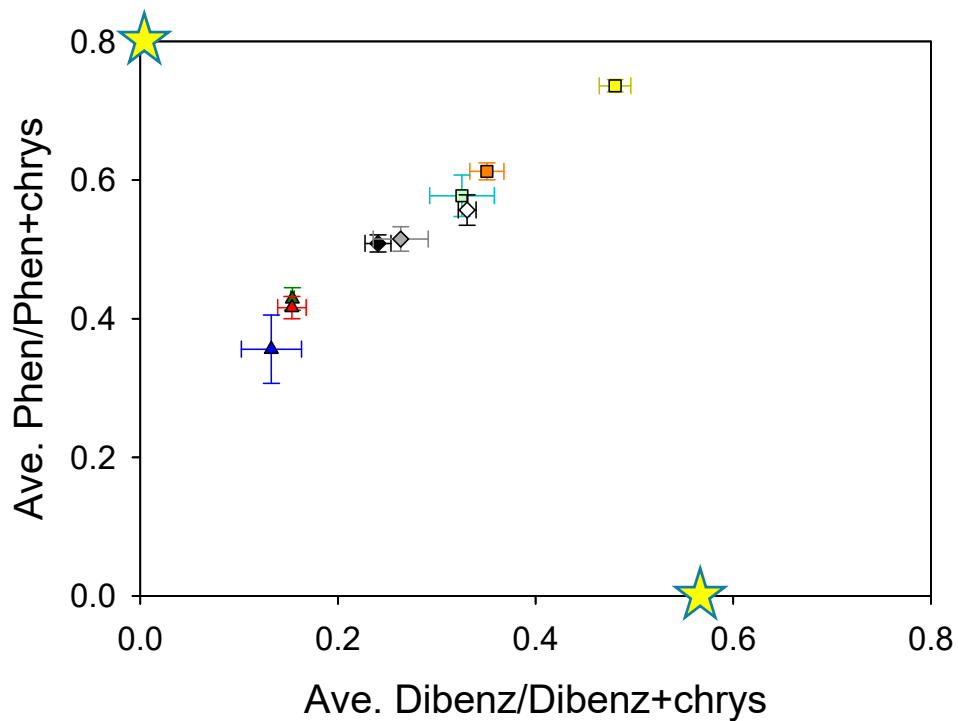
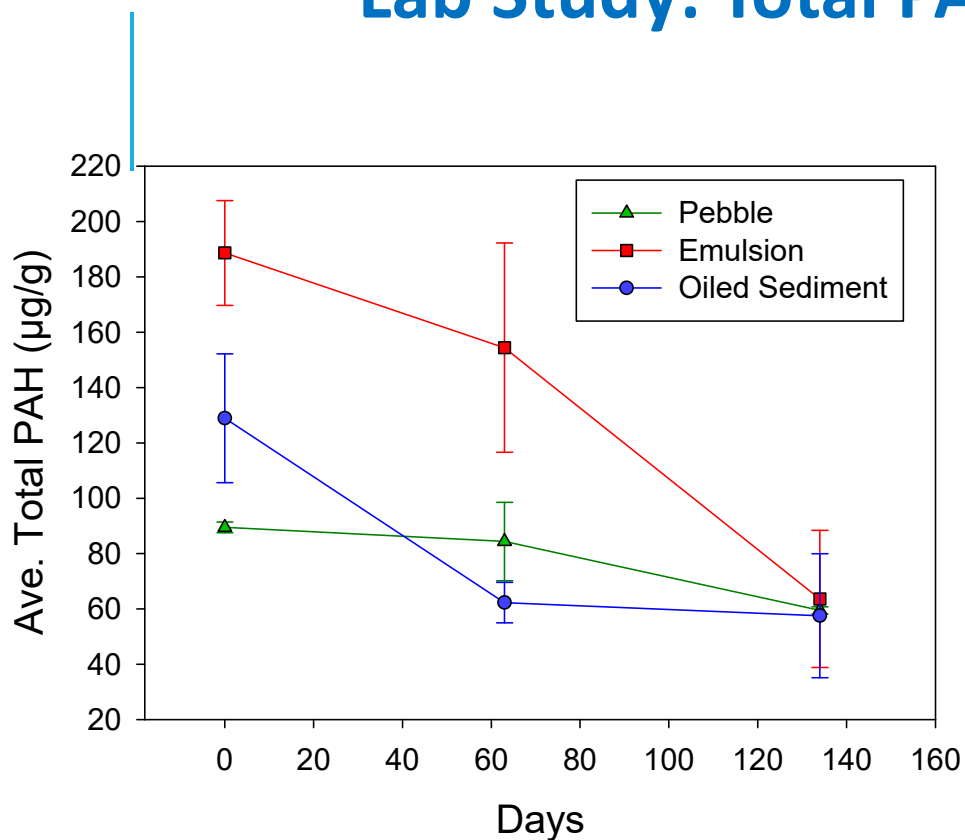
Lab Study



Dissolved Oxygen



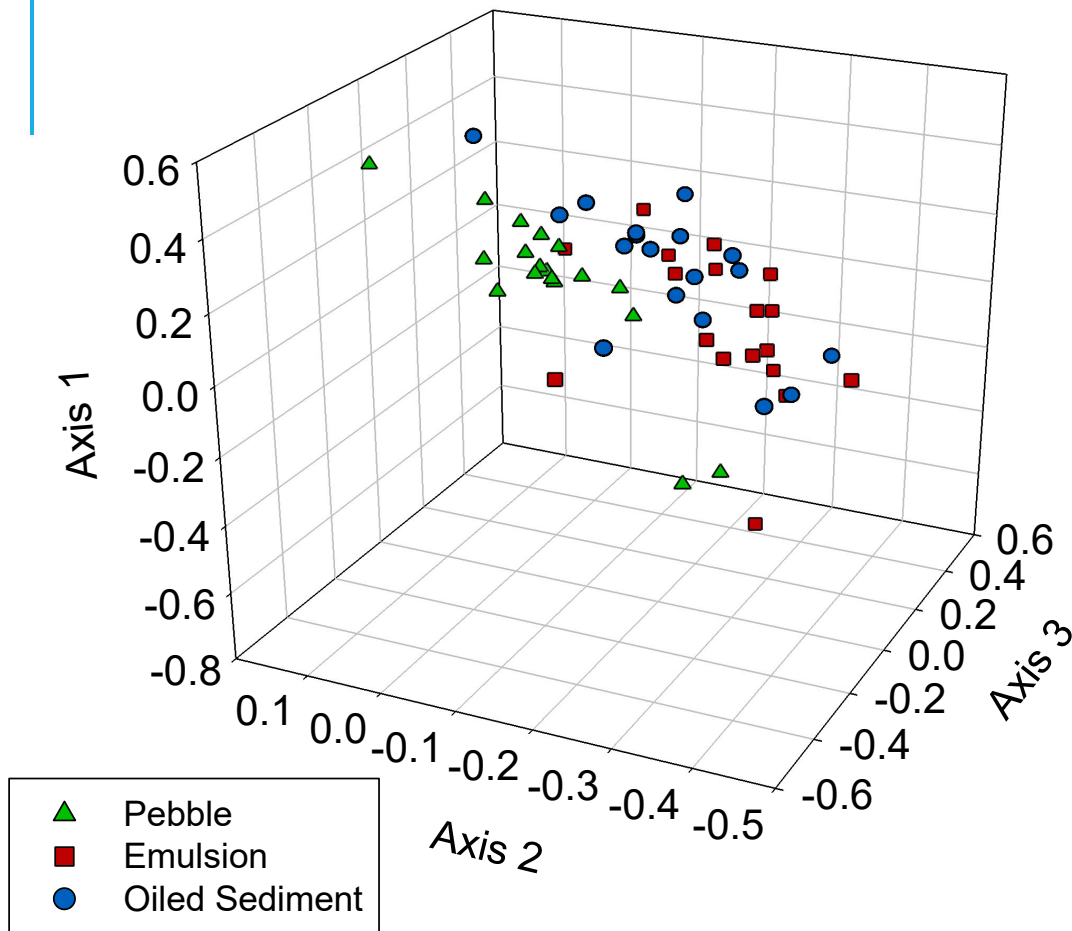
Lab Study: Total PAH and Double Ratio Plot



★ = Reference sample from Diercks et al. (2010)
MC252 oil at the ocean surface near the well head

- ▲ Pebble - Day 0
- Emulsion - Day 0
- ◇ Oiled Sediment - Day 0
- ▲ Pebble - Day 63
- Emulsion - Day 63
- ◆ Oiled Sediment - Day 63
- ▲ Pebble - Day 134
- Emulsion - Day 134
- ◇ Oiled Sediment - Day 134

Bacterial Community Clustering Lab Study



Analysis of Molecular Variance

Comparison	p-value
Oiled Sediment vs. Pebble	<0.005
Pebble vs. Emulsion	<0.005
Emulsion vs. Oiled Sediment	<0.005



Bacterial Community Clustering Lab Study

Oil Sediment vs. Pebble

% Abundance	Class
2.6	Deinococci
1.6	Gammaproteobacteria
1.5	Anaerolineae
1.4	Deltaproteobacteria
1.0	Deferribacteres
7.9	Gammaproteobacteria
1.1	Alphaproteobacteria

Pebble vs. Emulsion

% Abundance	Class
27	*Gammaproteobacteria
7.5	Deferribacteres
1.5	Actinobacteria
1.4	Bacteroidia
1.1	Alphaproteobacteria
12	*Gammaproteobacteria
3.0	*Deltaproteobacteria
2.3	Deferribacteres
1.1	Anaerolineae

Emulsion vs. Oil Sediment

% Abundance	Class
1.0	Gammaproteobacteria
7.5	*Gammaproteobacteria
5.1	Deferribacteres
2.6	Deinococci
1.9	Actinobacteria
1.3	Bacteroidia
1.12	Deferribacteres

Phylotypes above 1% abundance with statistical significance ($\alpha = 0.005$)

*Sum of the % abundance of multiple species under same class

Summary

- Marsh sediments were highly contaminated with PAHs and alkylated phenanthrenes, dibenzothiophenes and chrysenes accounted for majority of the measured PAH
- Significant difference in microbial community was observed between marsh, nearshore, and offshore sediment samples
- Measurable amount of total PAH was observed in all three oil forms from marsh: Emulsion, pebble and oil sediments
- The Emulsion had the highest level of total PAHs and most decrease in laboratory study over 4 months
- Microbial communities significantly differed between pebble, emulsion, and oiled sediment and Gammaproteobacteria was the dominant phylotype in all oil forms



Questions?