

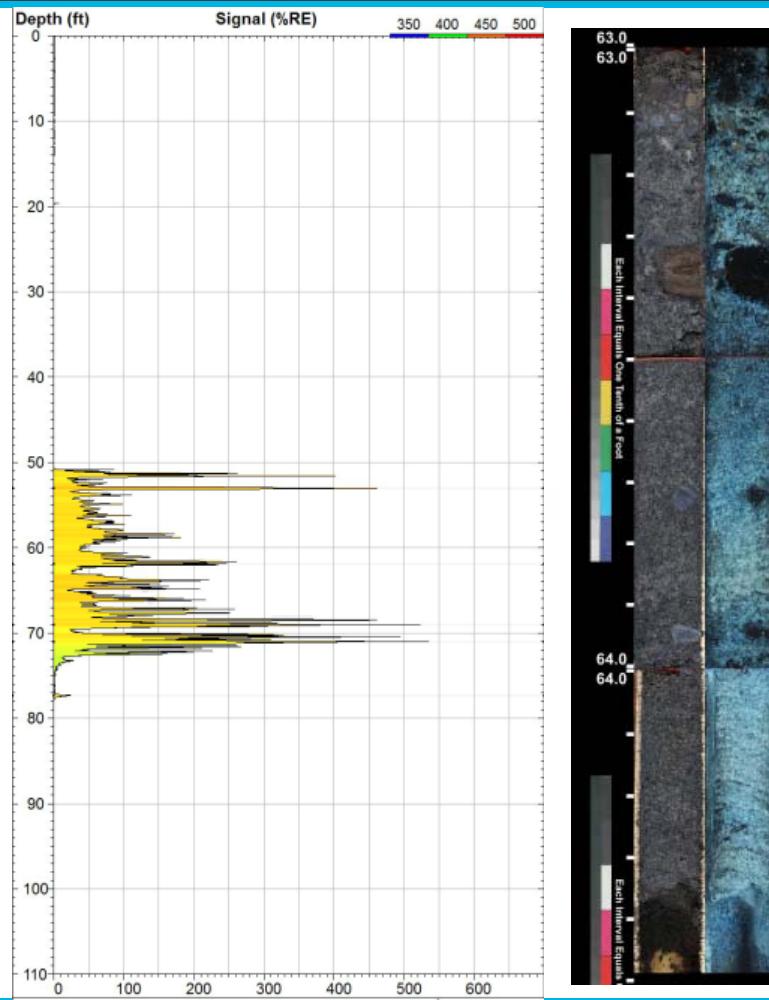


Comparison of Laser Induced Fluorescence Profiles Following a Decade of LNAPL Recovery

Peter Stumpf, PE

Shailendra Ganna, PE (Shell), Joseph Lentini (Shell), Cynthia Shen, PE (AECOM), Ram Kannappan, PhD, PE (AECOM)
April 11, 2018

Laser Induced Fluorescence

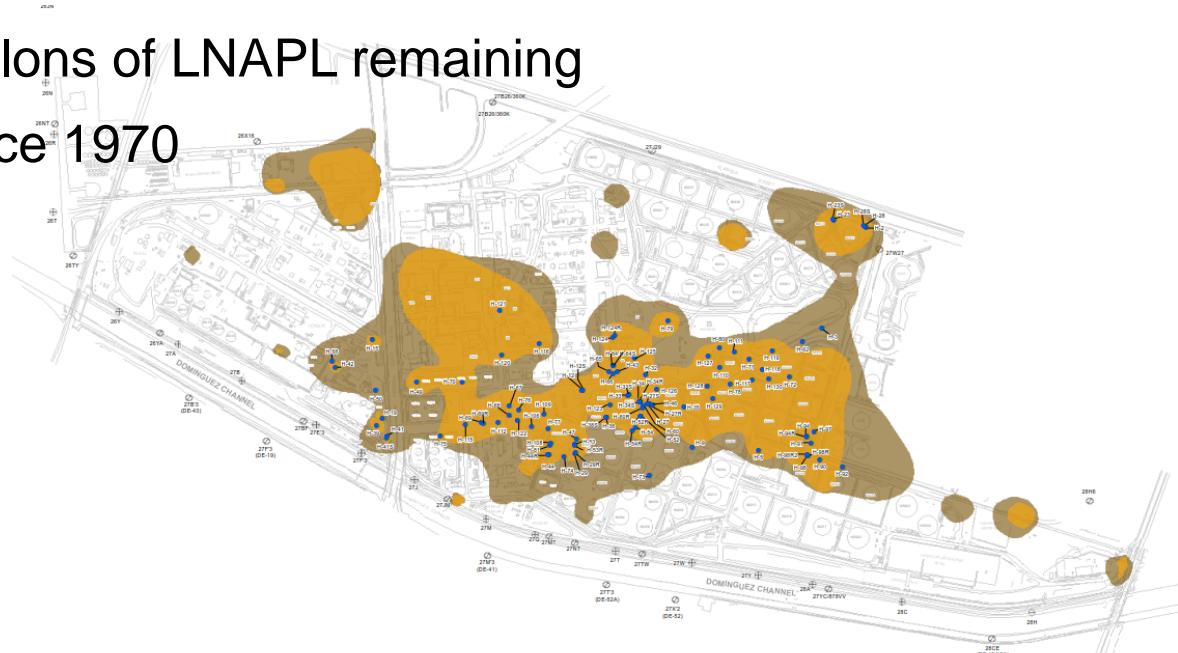


Effects on LIF response

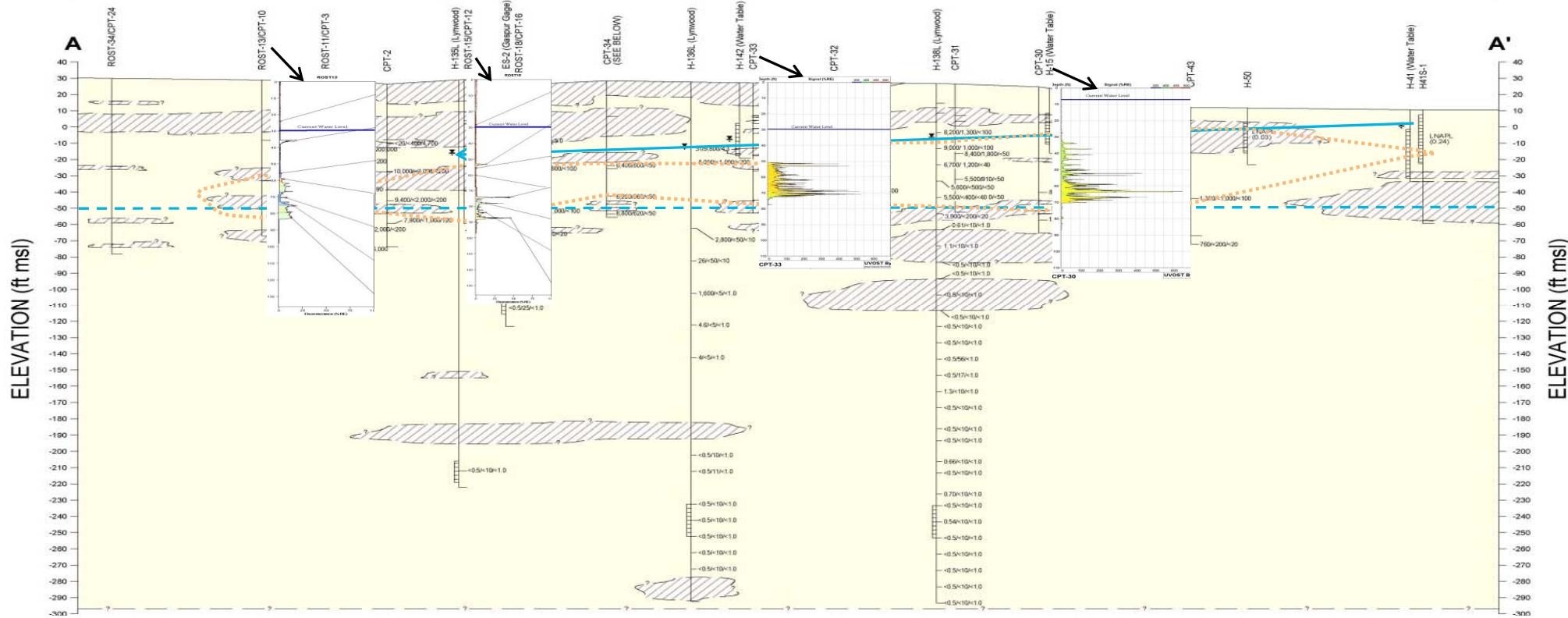
- Pore Fluid Saturation of LNAPL
- Soil Type (soil pore size)
- LNAPL Composition

Active Southern California Refinery

- Started as refinery in 1923 and still operating
- LNAPL recovery started in 1985 and continues today using total fluid recovery
- Removed 36 million gallons of LNAPL to date
- Estimated 30 to 42 million gallons of LNAPL remaining
- Groundwater rose 40 feet since 1970

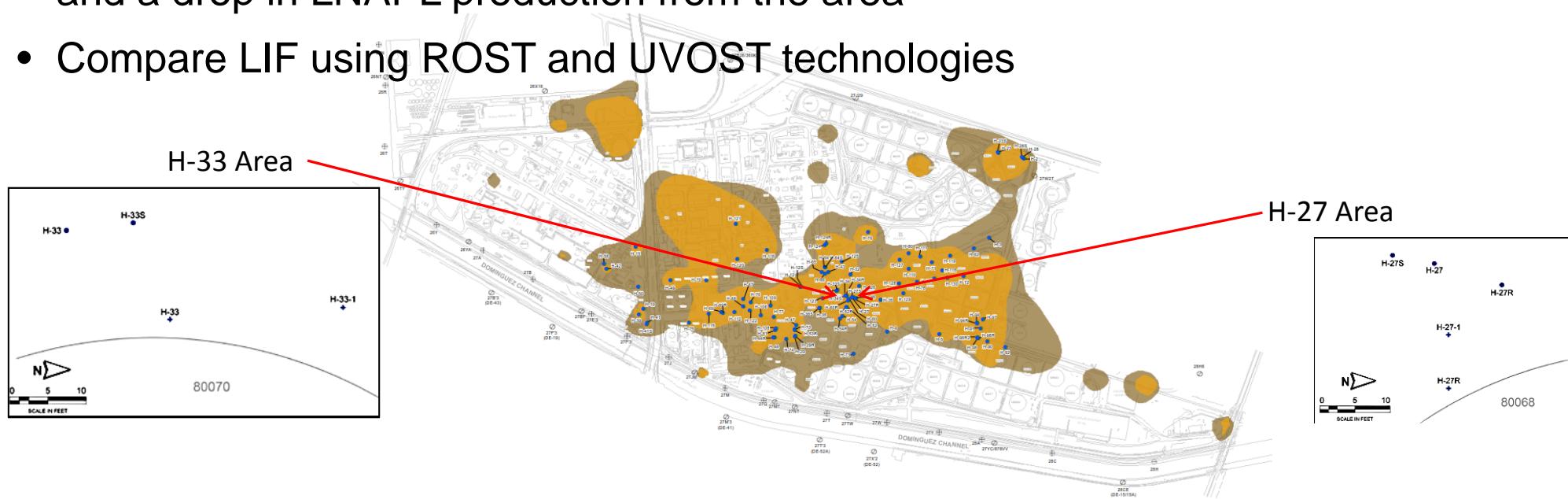


Cross Section

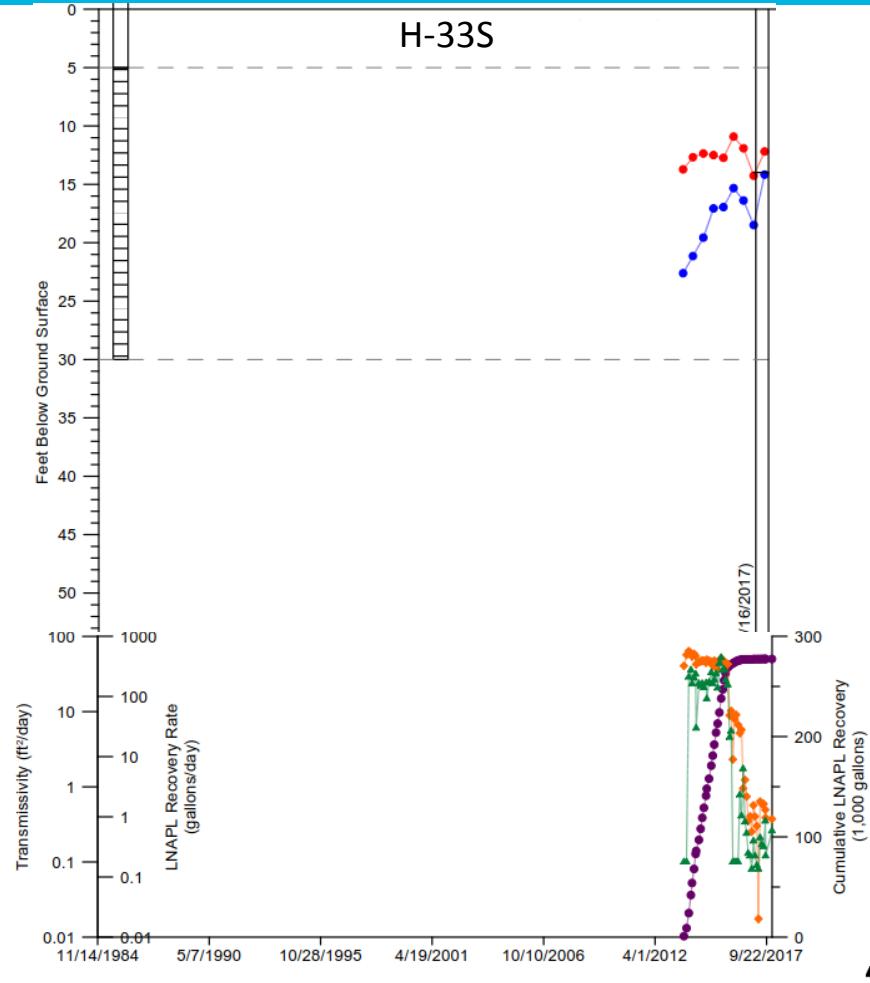
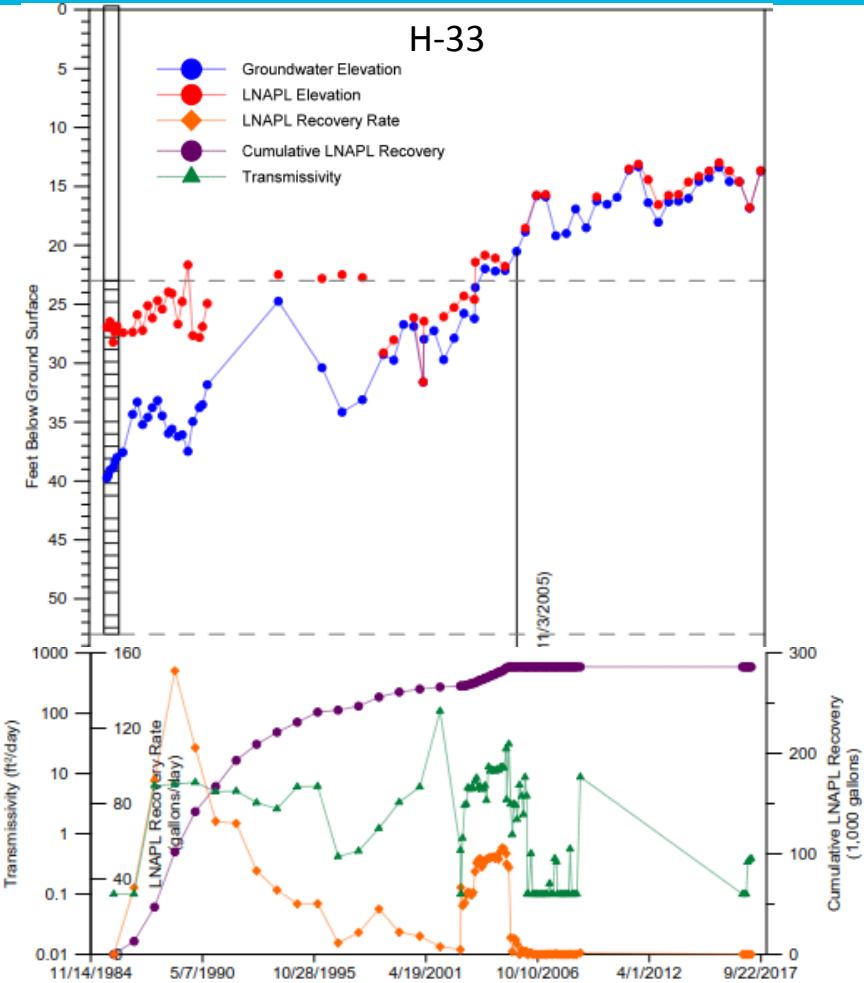


Objectives of Test

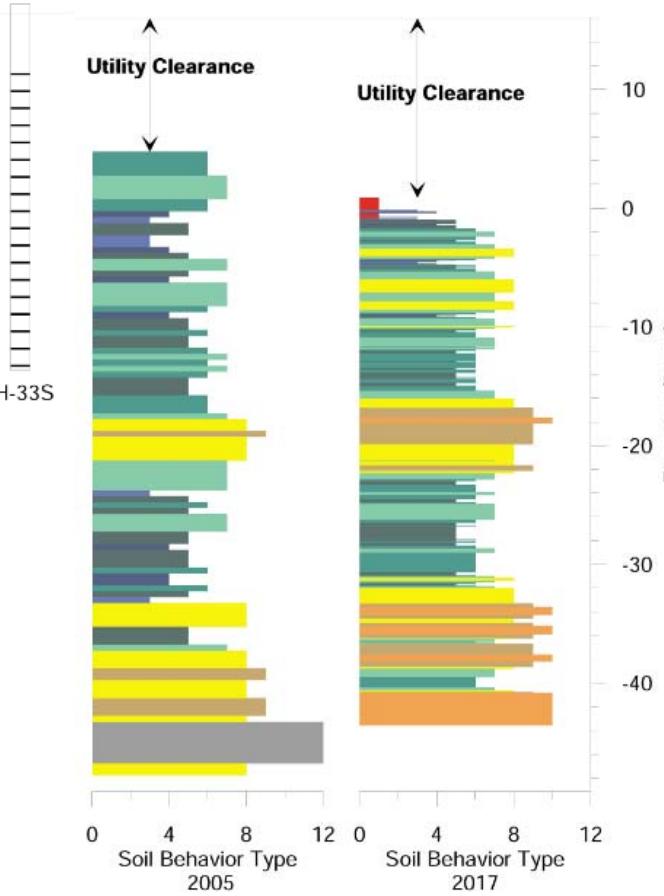
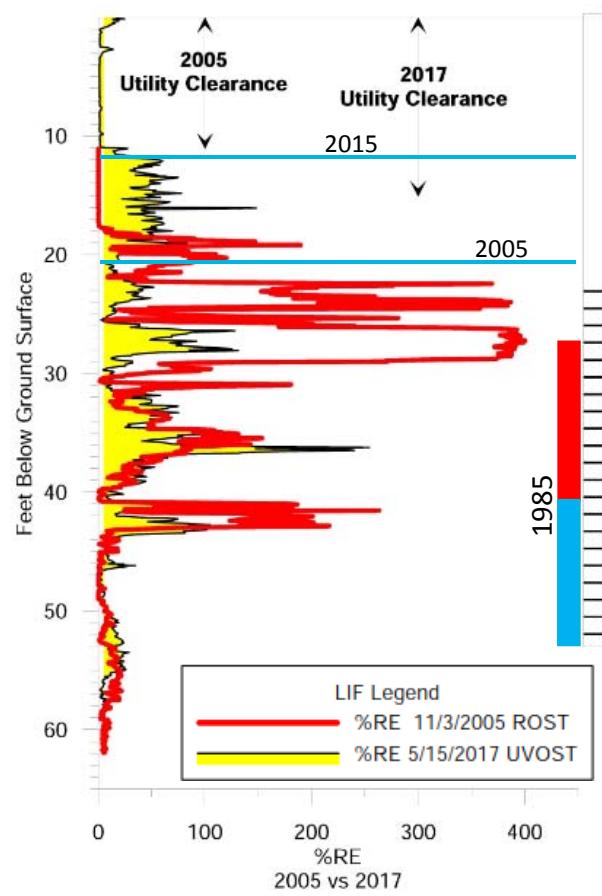
- Evaluate LIF, LNAPL transmissivity, and cumulative recovery curve to determine LNAPL recovery endpoint
- Compare LIF response after a significant amount of LNAPL has been removed and a drop in LNAPL production from the area
- Compare LIF using ROST and UVOST technologies



H-33 Recovery Well



H-33 Area



H-33

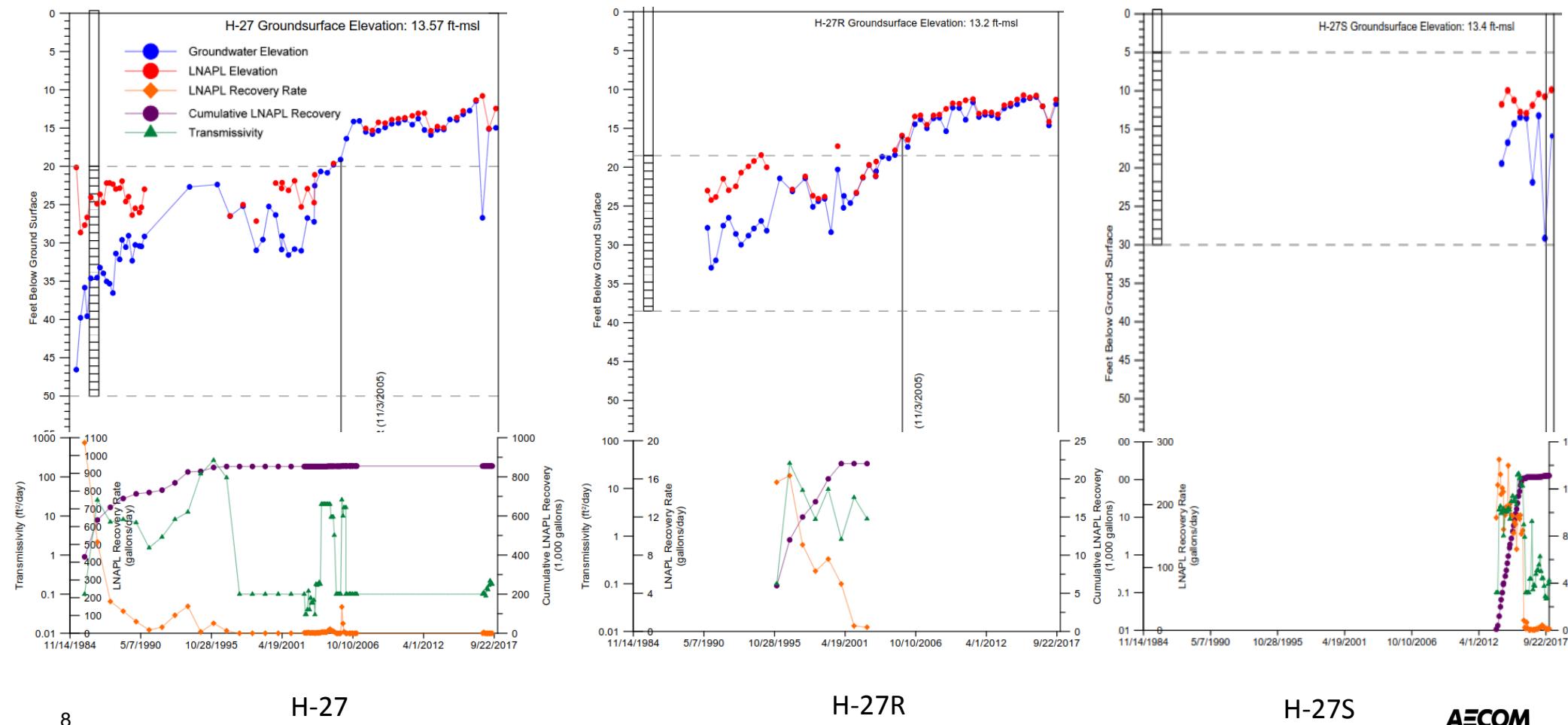
LNAPL Recovered 1985-2005	286,272 gal
LNAPL Recovered 2006-2017	168 gal
LNAPL thickness 2017	0.04 ft

H-33S

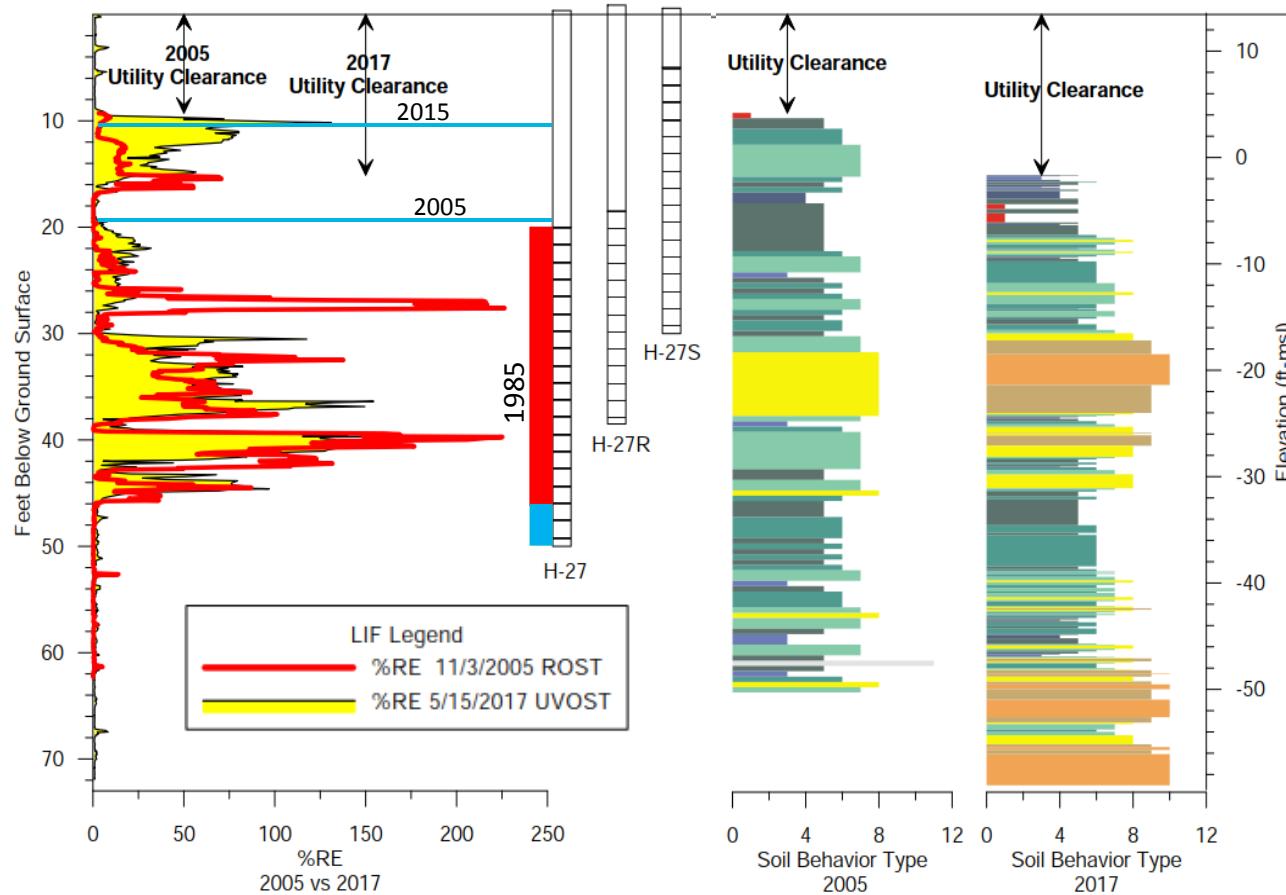
LNAPL Recovered 2013-2017	277,200 gal
LNAPL thickness 2017	4.23 ft

CPT Legend
1 - Sensitive Fine Grained
2 - Organic Material
3 - Clay
4 - Silty Clay
5 - Clayey Silt
6 - Sandy Silt
7 - Silty Sand
8 - Fine Sand
9 - Sand
10 - Gravelly Sand
11 - Very Stiff Fine Grained
12 - Sand to Clayey Sand

H-27 Area Recovery Wells



H-27 Area



H-27

LNAPL Recovered 1985-2005 854,700 gal
LNAPL Recovered 2006-2017 504 gal
LNAPL thickness 2017 2.53 ft

H-27R

LNAPL Recovered 1990-2002 22,260 gal
LNAPL Recovered 2006-2017 0 gal
LNAPL thickness 2017 0.48 ft

H-27S

LNAPL Recovered 2013-2017 130,326 gal
LNAPL thickness 2017 18.39 ft

CPT Legend
1 - Sensitive Fine Grained
2 - Organic Material
3 - Clay
4 - Silty Clay
5 - Clayey Silt
6 - Sandy Silt
7 - Silty Sand
8 - Fine Sand
9 - Sand
10 - Gravelly Sand
11 - Very Stiff Fine Grained
12 - Sand to Clayey Sand

Conclusions

- ROST and UVOST provide similar results
- High reflectance in sand is at or approaching residual saturation levels of LNAPL
- LIF is a great tool to determine LNAPL location in the formation
- LIF not a good tool to determine LNAPL recoverability
- Recoverable LNAPL primarily comes from the groundwater surface
- LNAPL thickness in well is not a good indicator of recoverability
- Transmissivity and cumulative recovery curves are better indicators of recovery end point than LIF or LNAPL thickness

Battelle

2018 Chlorinated Conference | April 8-12 | Palm Springs, CA

AECOM Imagine it.
Delivered.



Thank You!

T 714-689-7187
Email peter.stumpf@aecom.com