

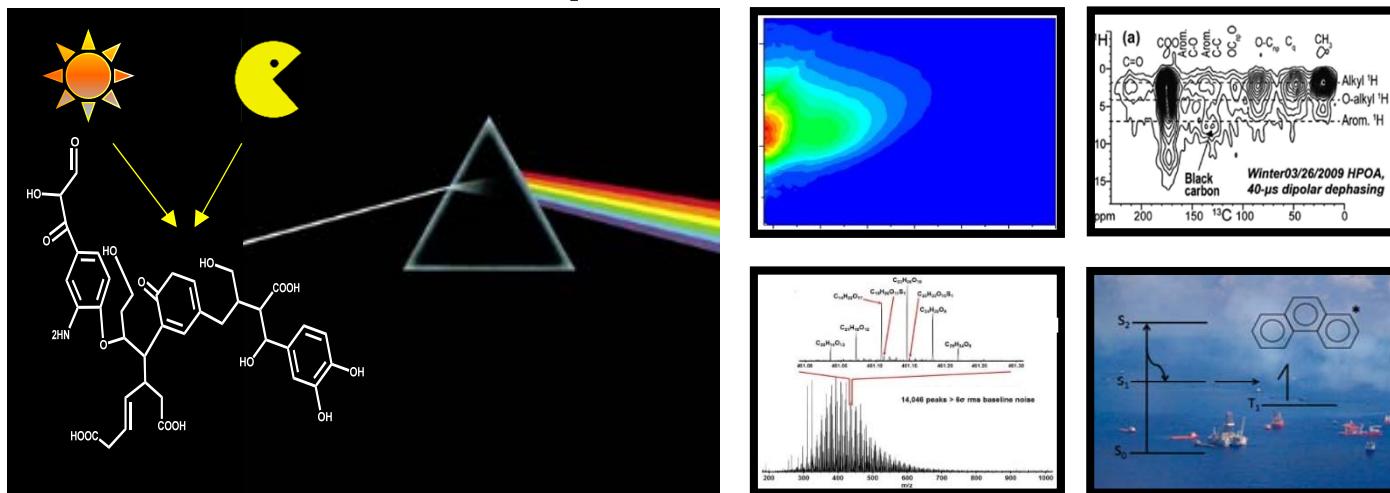
# Insight into the Composition and Structure of Petroleum Metabolites Not Identified by Standard Methods of Analysis

David C. Podgorski, Phoebe Zito, Donald F. Smith, Xiaoyan Cao, Klaus Schmidt-Rohr, Sasha Wagner, Aron Stubbins, Jennifer T. McGuire, Dalma Martinovic-Weigelt, George R. Aiken, Isabelle M. Cozzarelli, Robert G. M. Spencer, Barbara A. Bekins

Battelle – 2018 Chlorinated Conference

Palm Springs, California

April 12, 2018



# Considerations

- Natural organic matter (NOM) is continuous in molecular-level composition and structure
  - Size
  - Shape
  - Heteroatom D
  - Aromaticity
  - Etc.
- The molecular structure of dissolved organic matter is always similar to the parent organic matter source



Permafrost



Soil

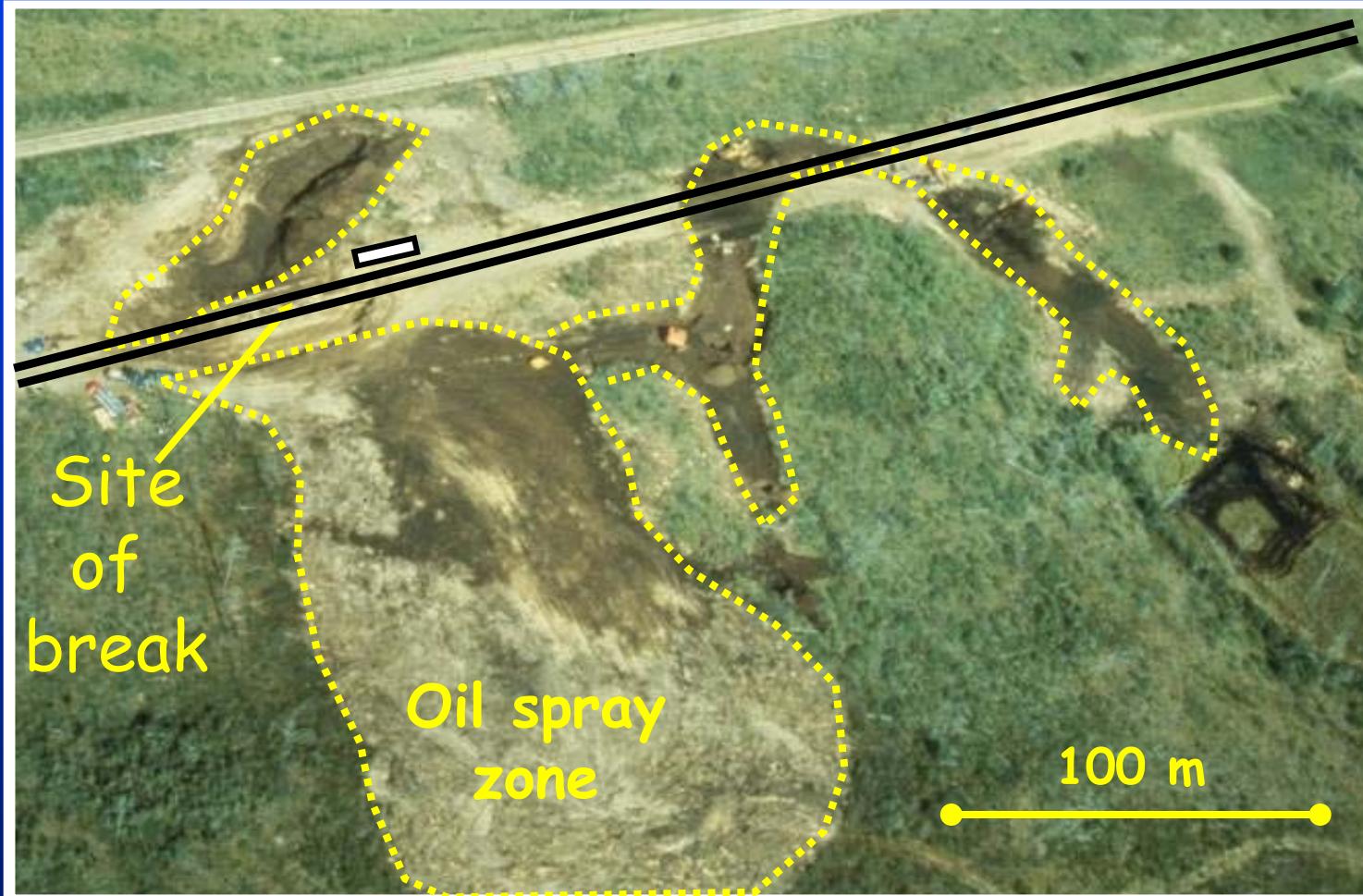


Burn Residue



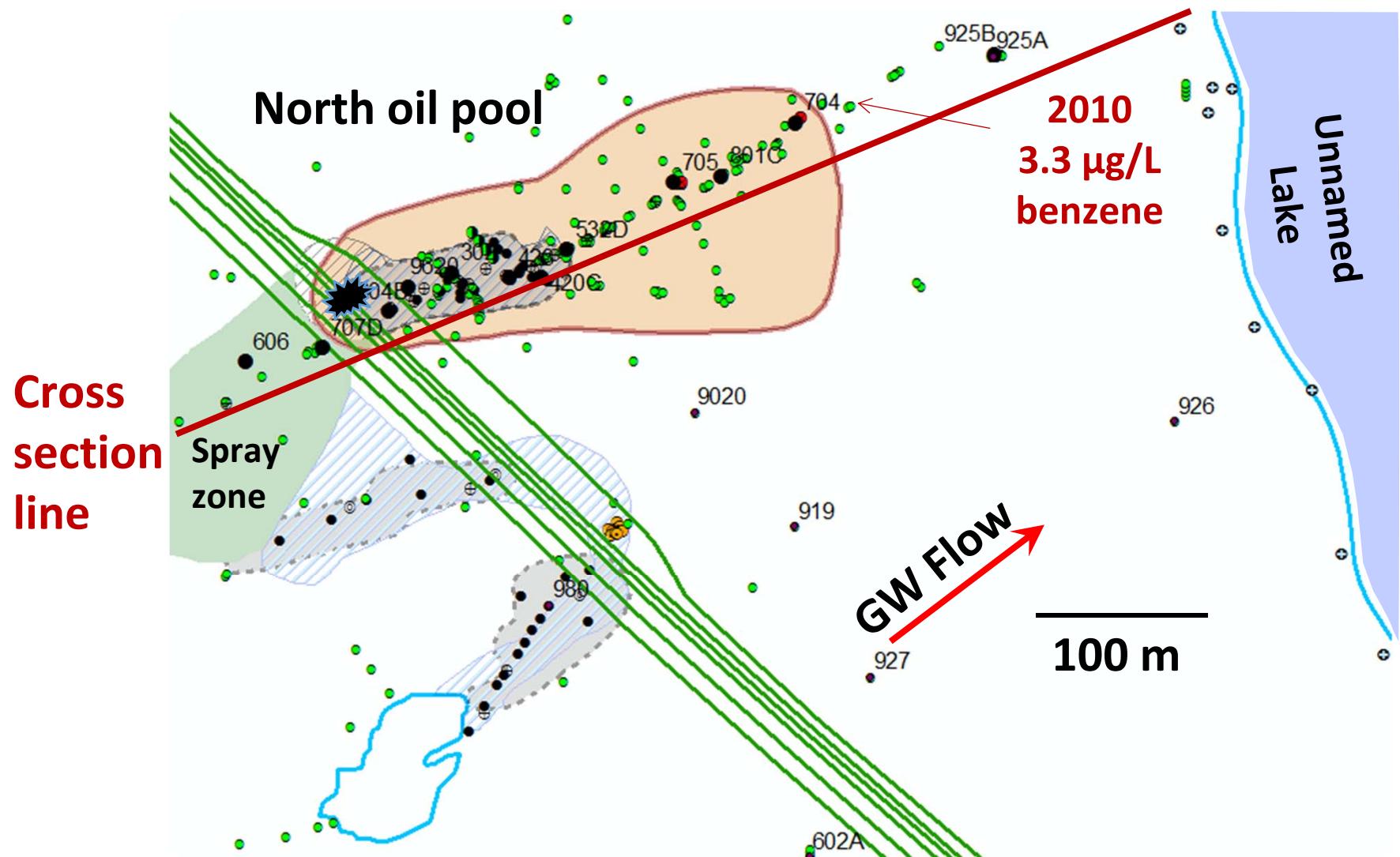
Algae

# National Crude Oil Spill Fate and Natural Attenuation Research Site



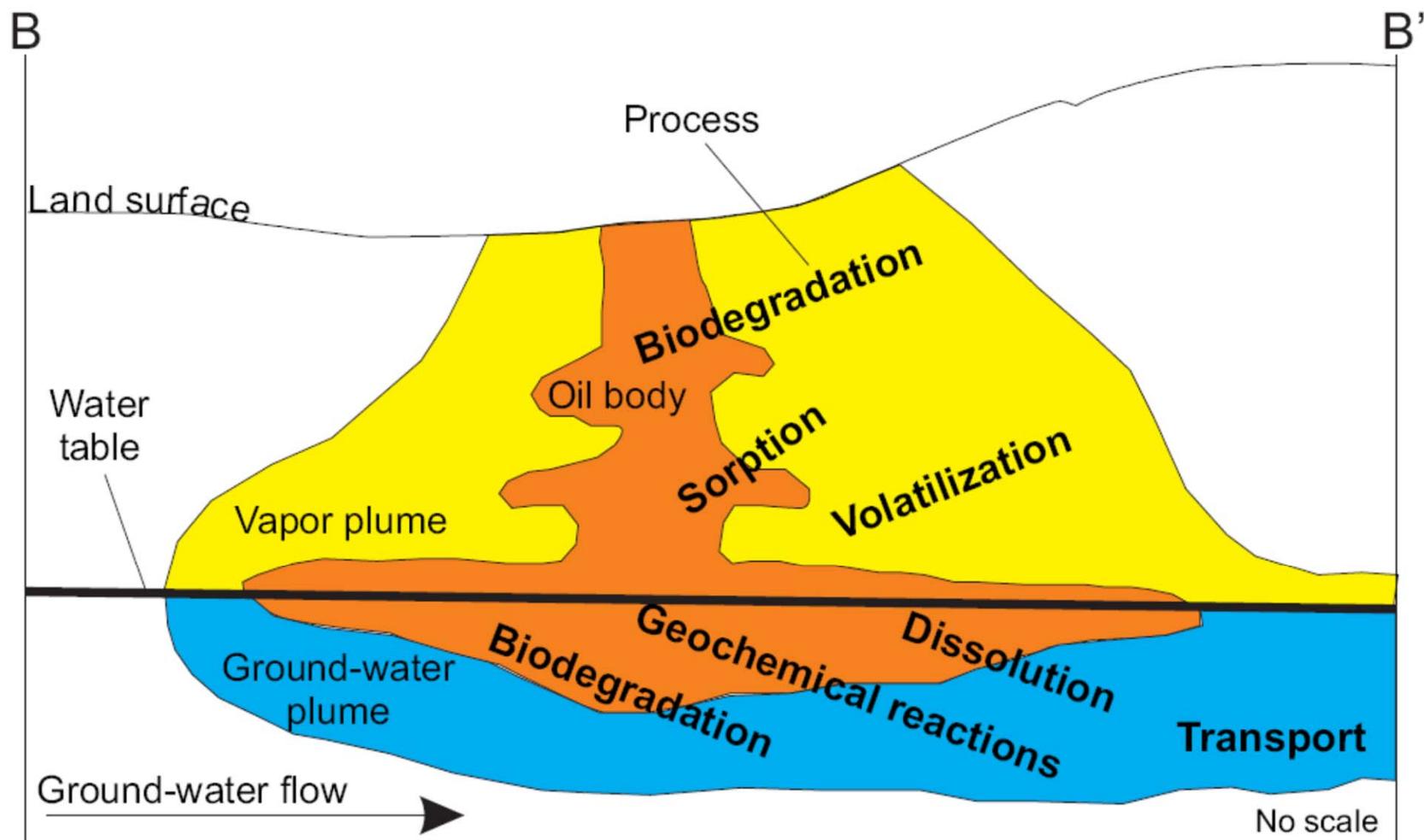
August, 1979

# North Oil Pool and Plume



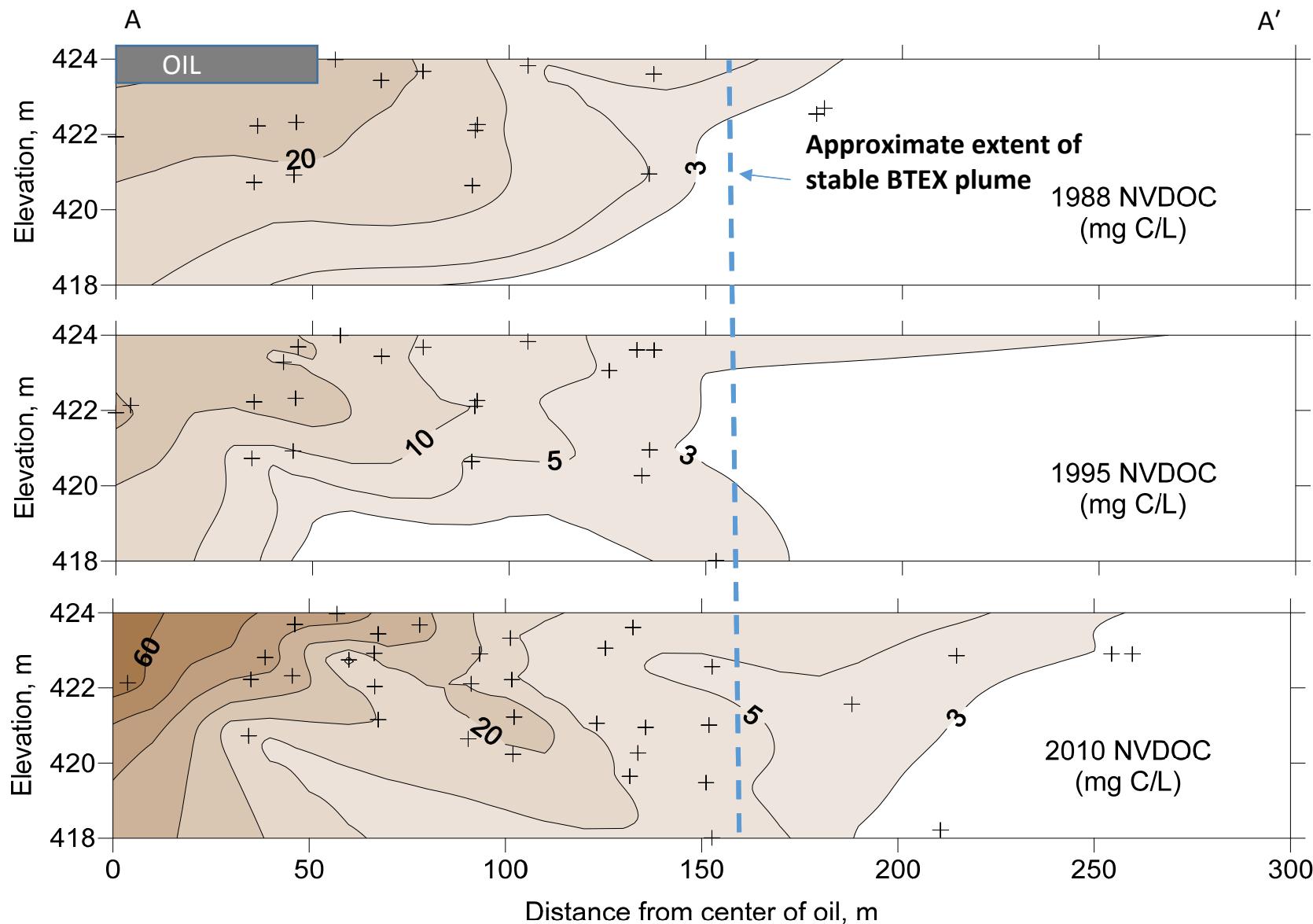
Courtesy of Barbara A. Bekins

# Biologically-Derived Dissolved Organic Matter from Petroleum (DOM<sub>HC</sub>)



Courtesy of Barbara A. Bekins

# The DOM<sub>HC</sub> Plume at the Bemidji Site is Expanding



# Natural Attenuation of Petroleum-Derived DOM by Optical Spectroscopy

$$y = y_0 + Ae^{x/t}$$

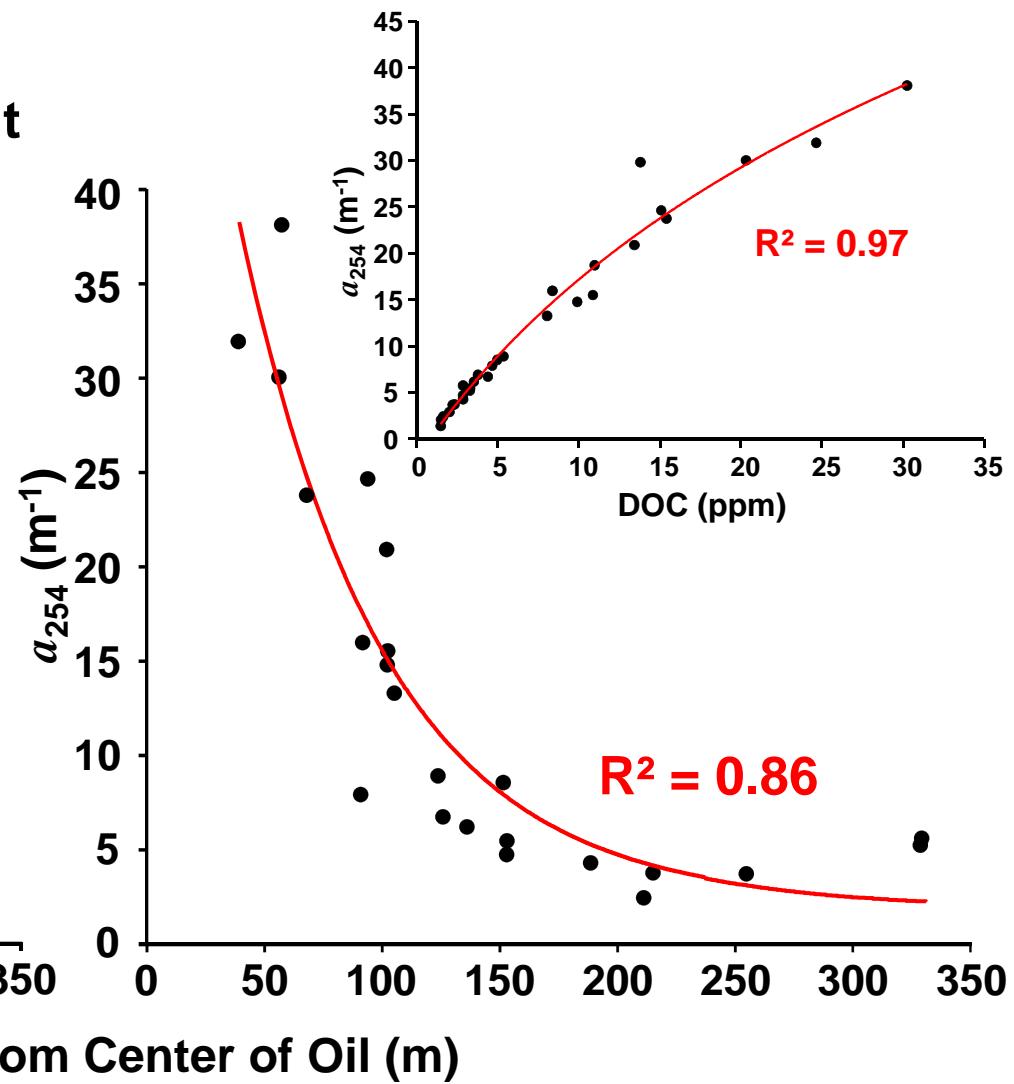
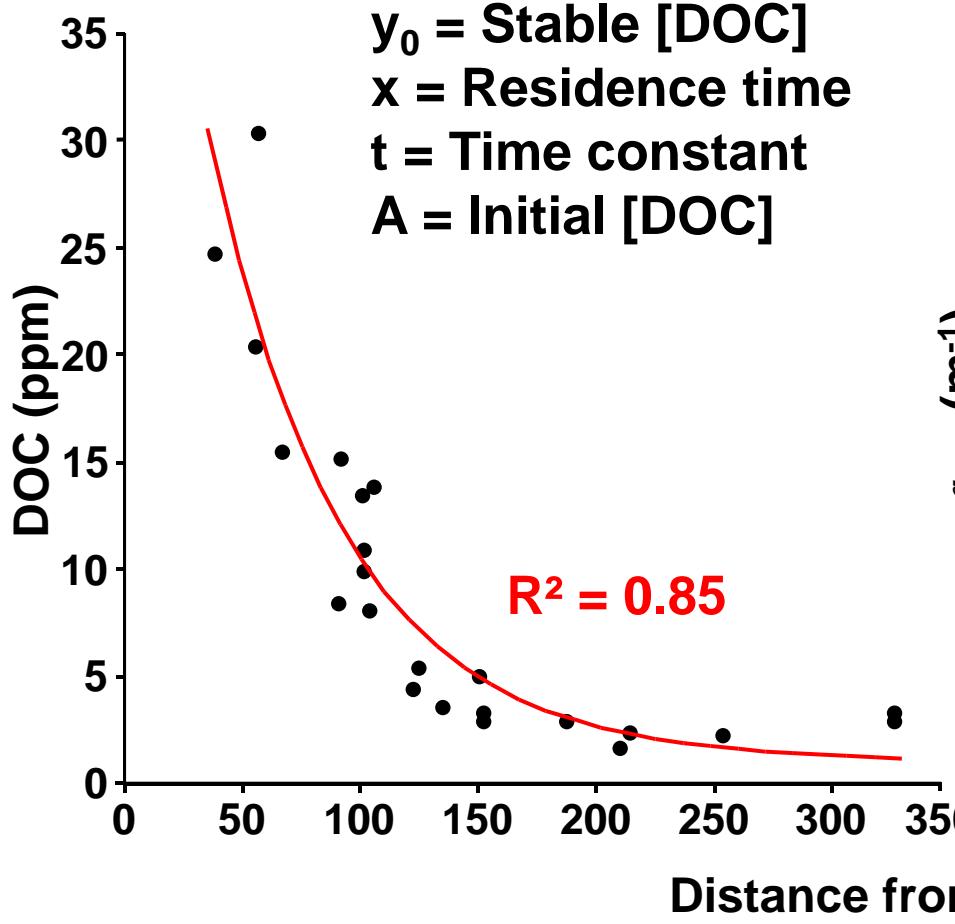
$y$  = Modeled [DOC] at  $t$

$y_0$  = Stable [DOC]

$x$  = Residence time

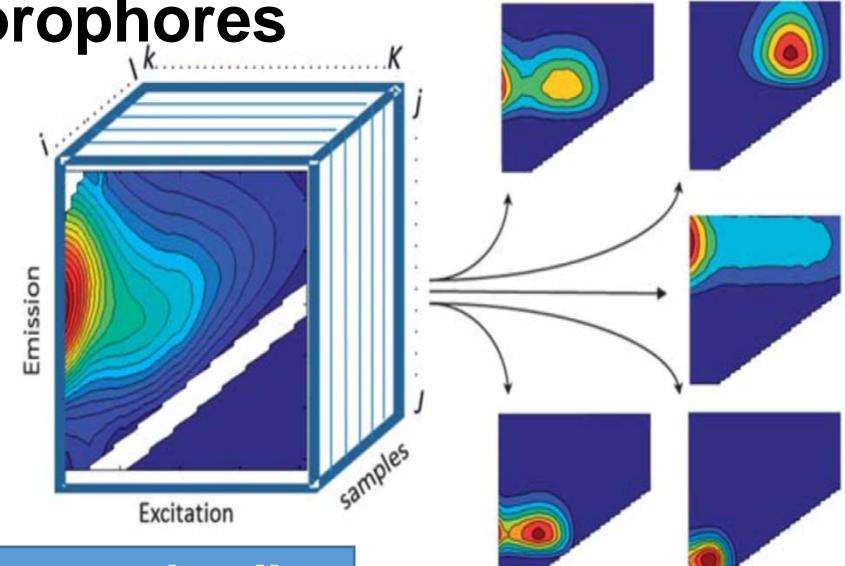
$t$  = Time constant

$A$  = Initial [DOC]



# Parallel Factor (PARAFAC) Analysis of Excitation Emission Matrix (EEM) Spectra

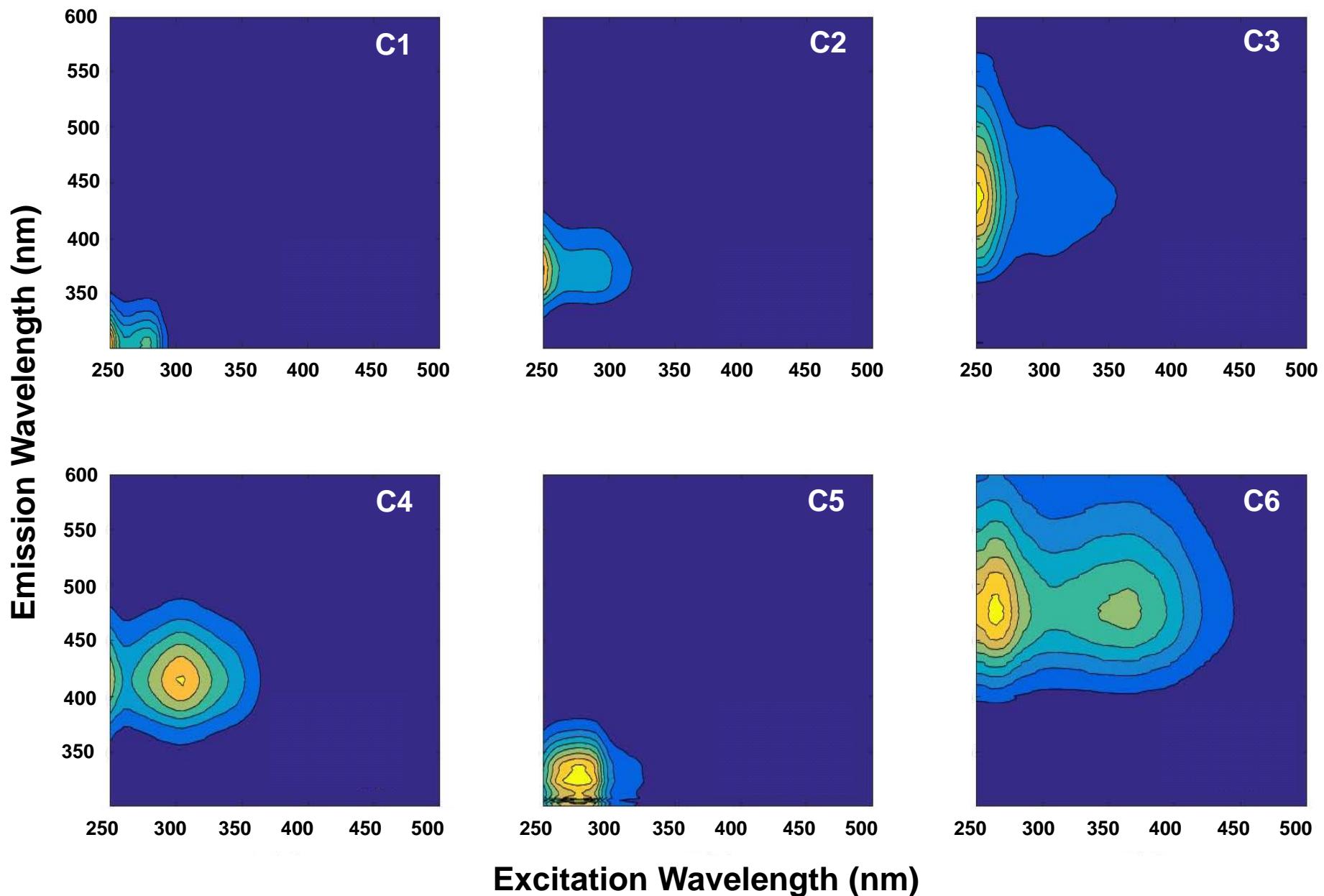
- Decomposes EEMs underlying chemical components
  - Represents the values of fluorophores to each component
  - Leads to mathematical identification and quantification of varying fluorophores
- Environmental samples
  - Composition?
  - Identity of fluorophores?



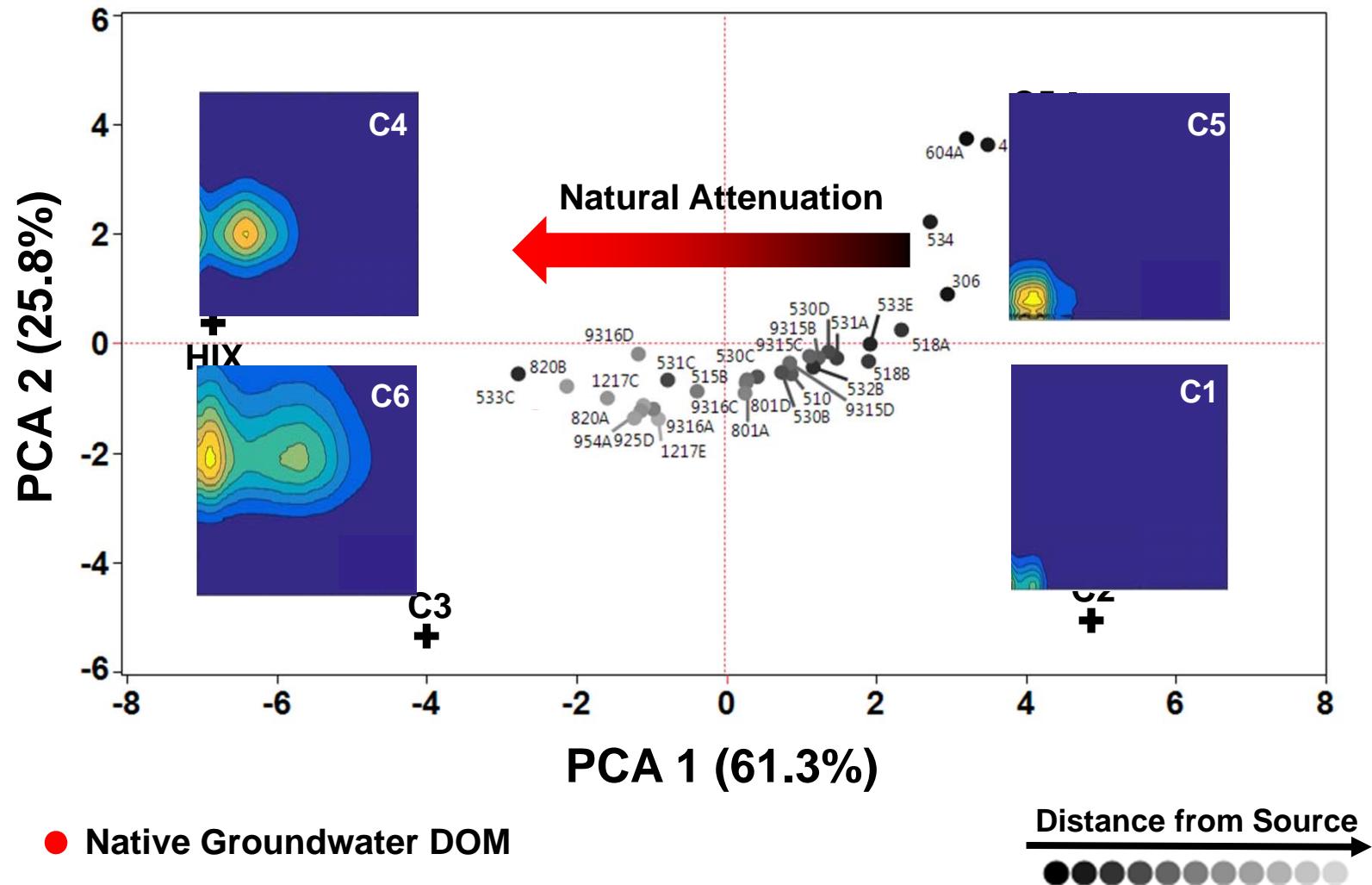
“Mathematical Chromatography”

Stedmon and Wünsch <urbw@aqua.dtu.dk>

# PARAFAC Components – Petroleum-Derived DOM



# Natural Attenuation of DOM<sub>HC</sub> by Optical Spectroscopy

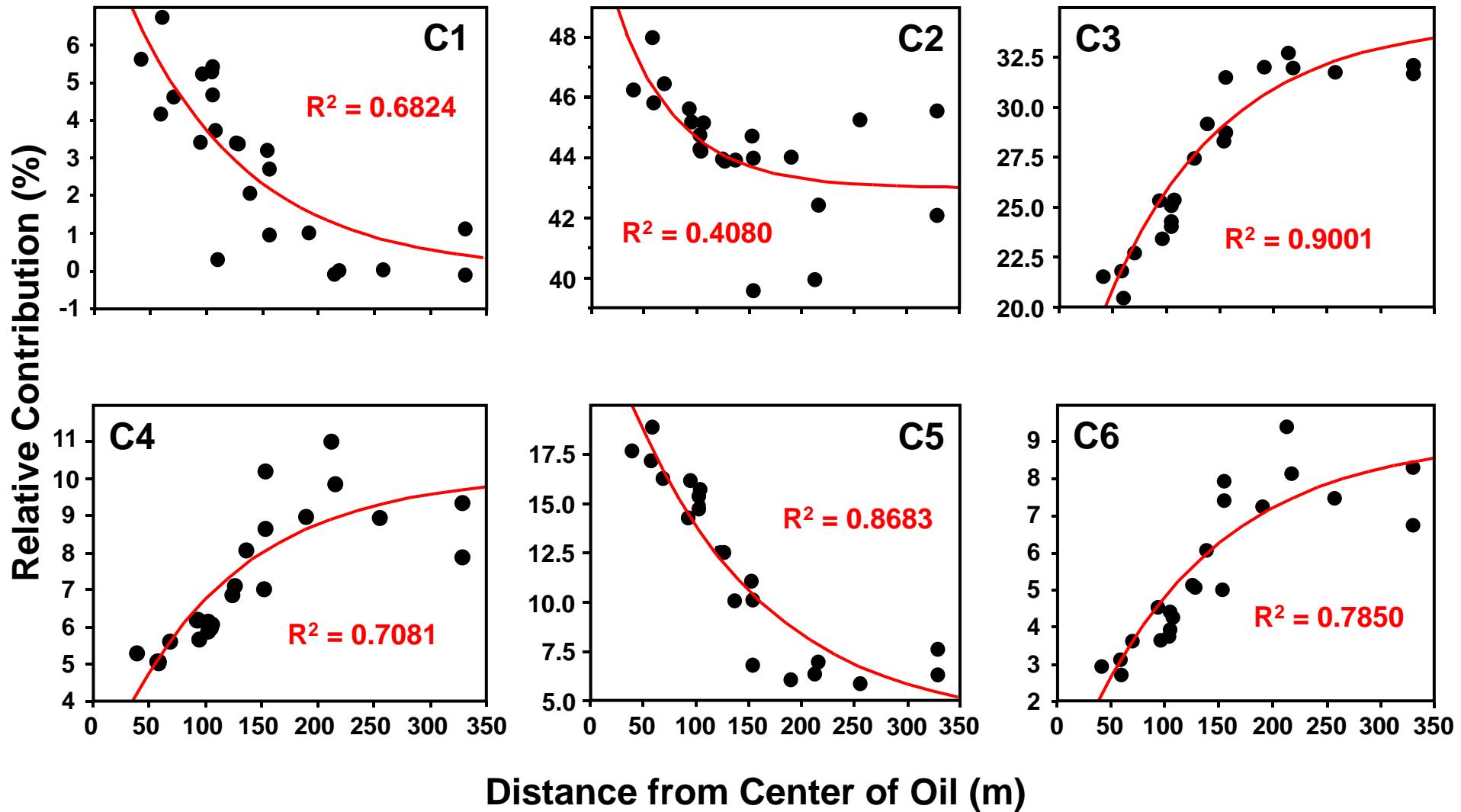


HIX = Humification Index

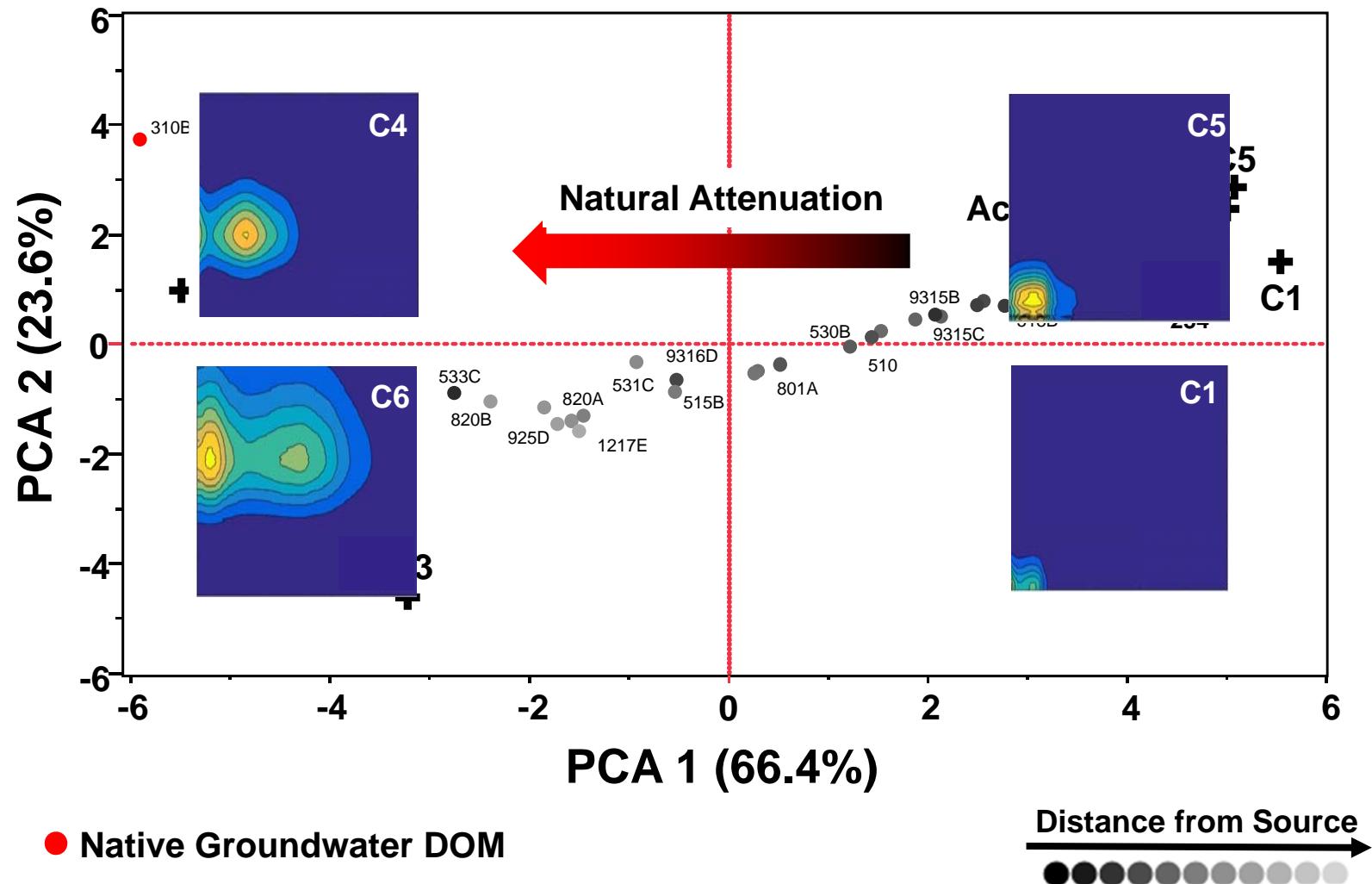
C1-C6 = PARAFAC Components 1-6

$a_{254}$  = Absorbance at 254 nm

# CDOM<sub>HC</sub> Continuum by EEMS



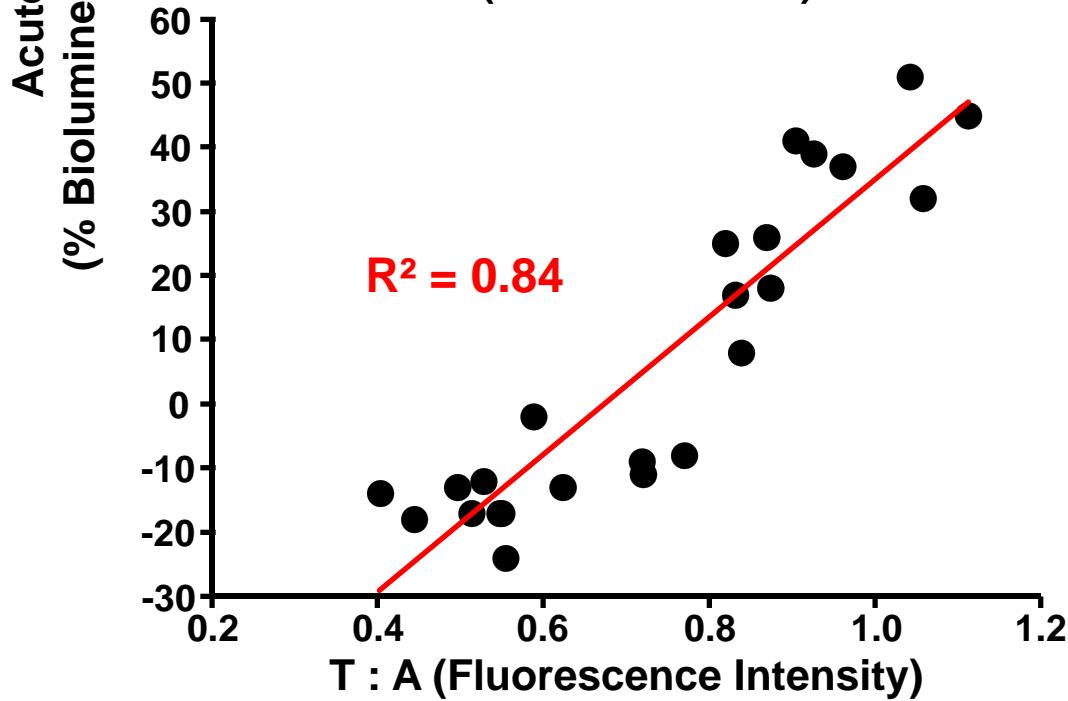
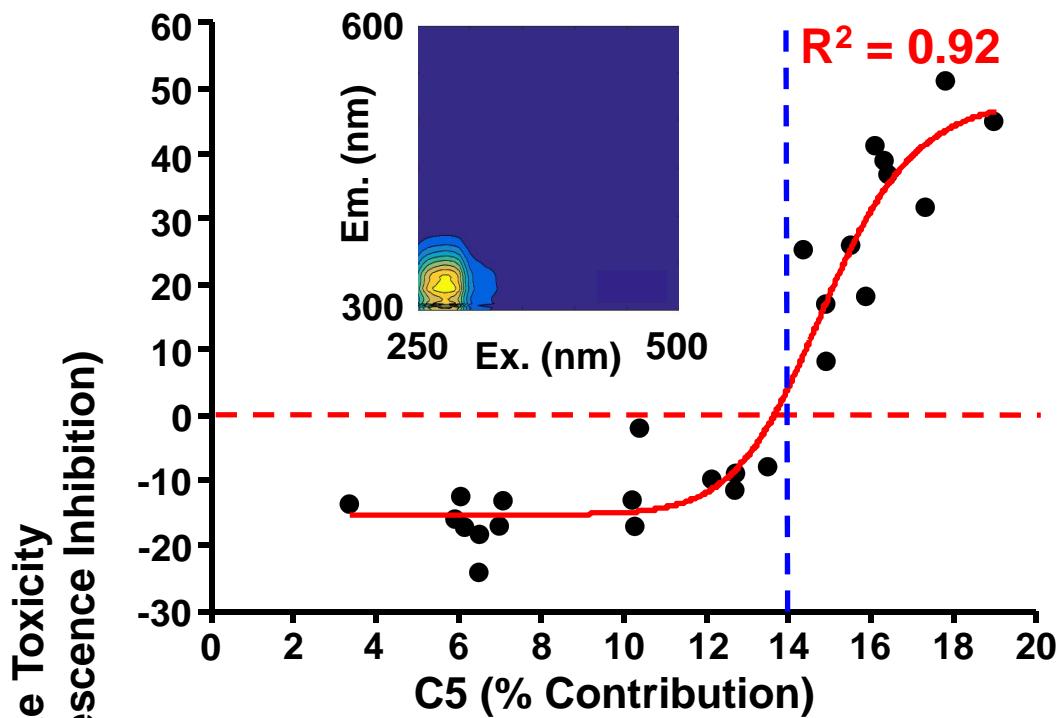
# PARAFAC Components and Toxicity?



HIX = Humification Index

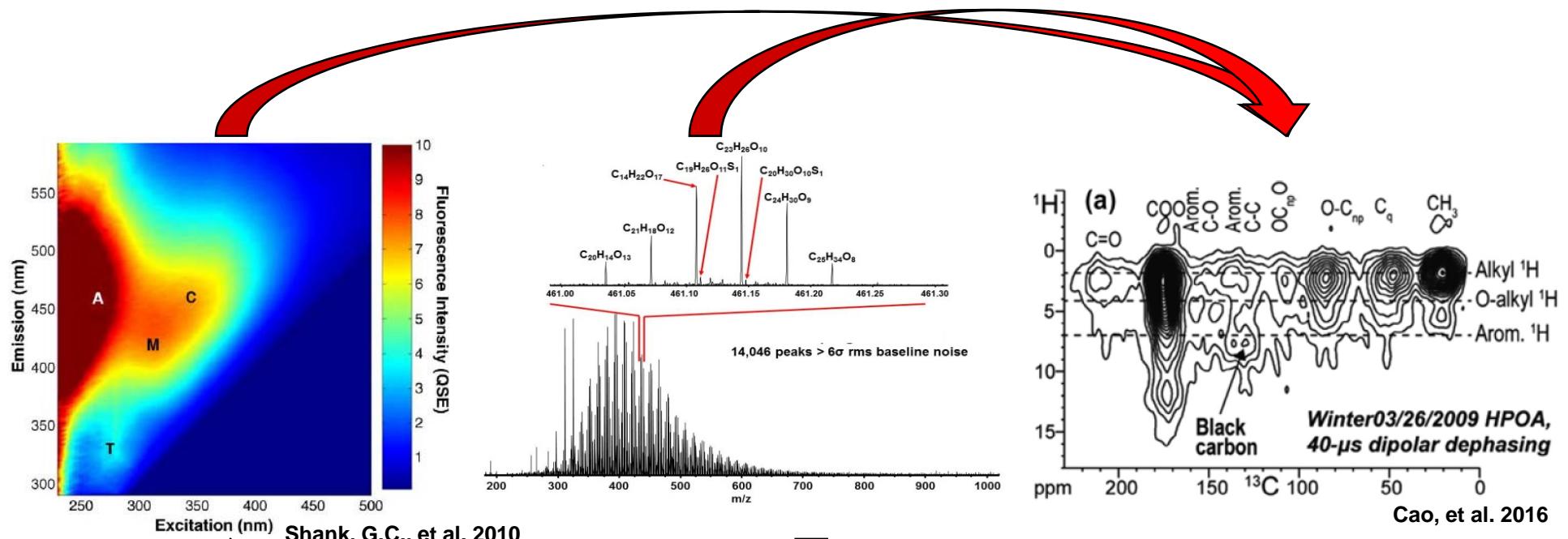
C1-C6 = PARAFAC Components 1-6

$a_{254}$  = Absorbance at 254 nm



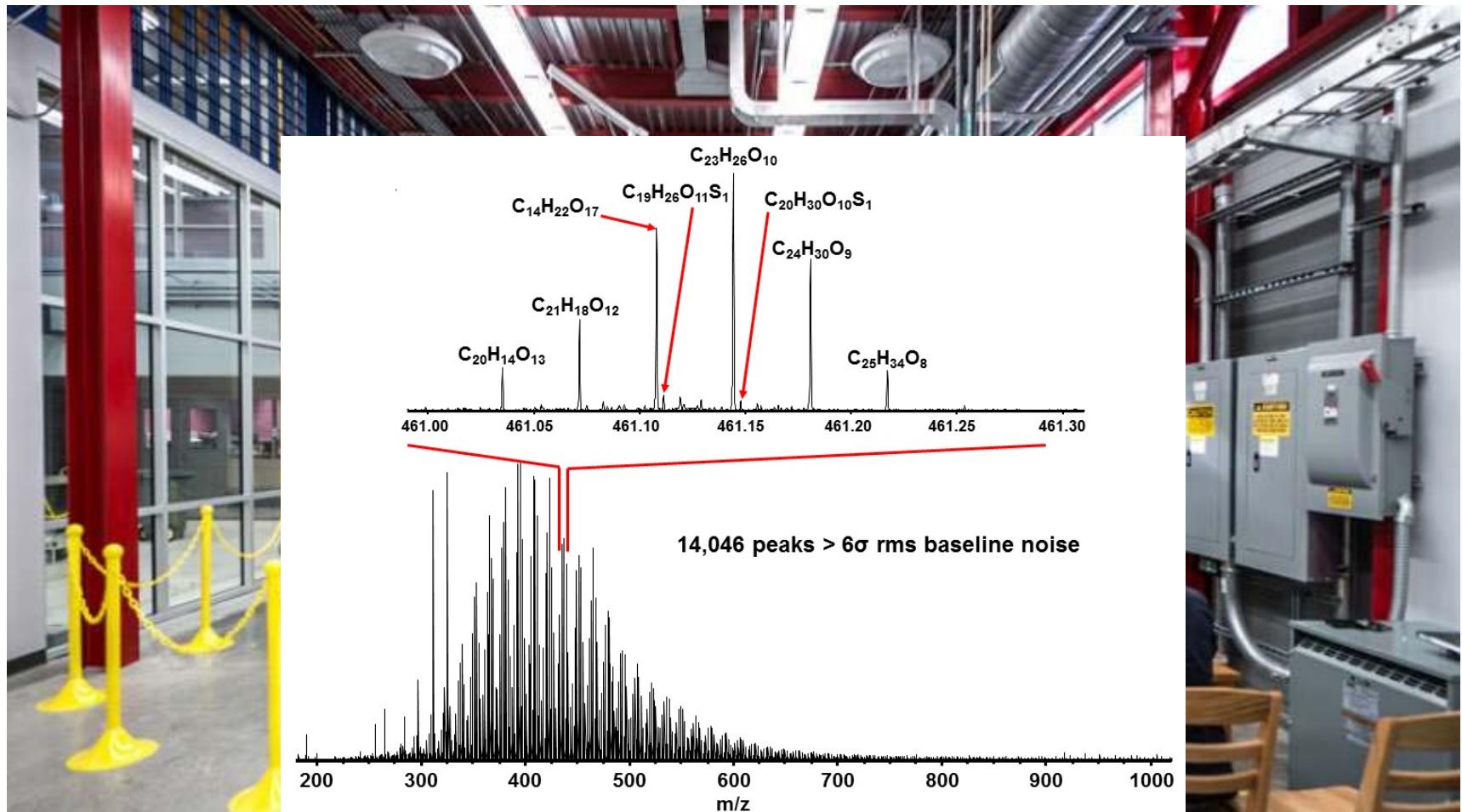
# Molecular-Level Composition and Structure by Optical Spectroscopy?

High Throughput: Optical Properties and Molecular-Level Composition

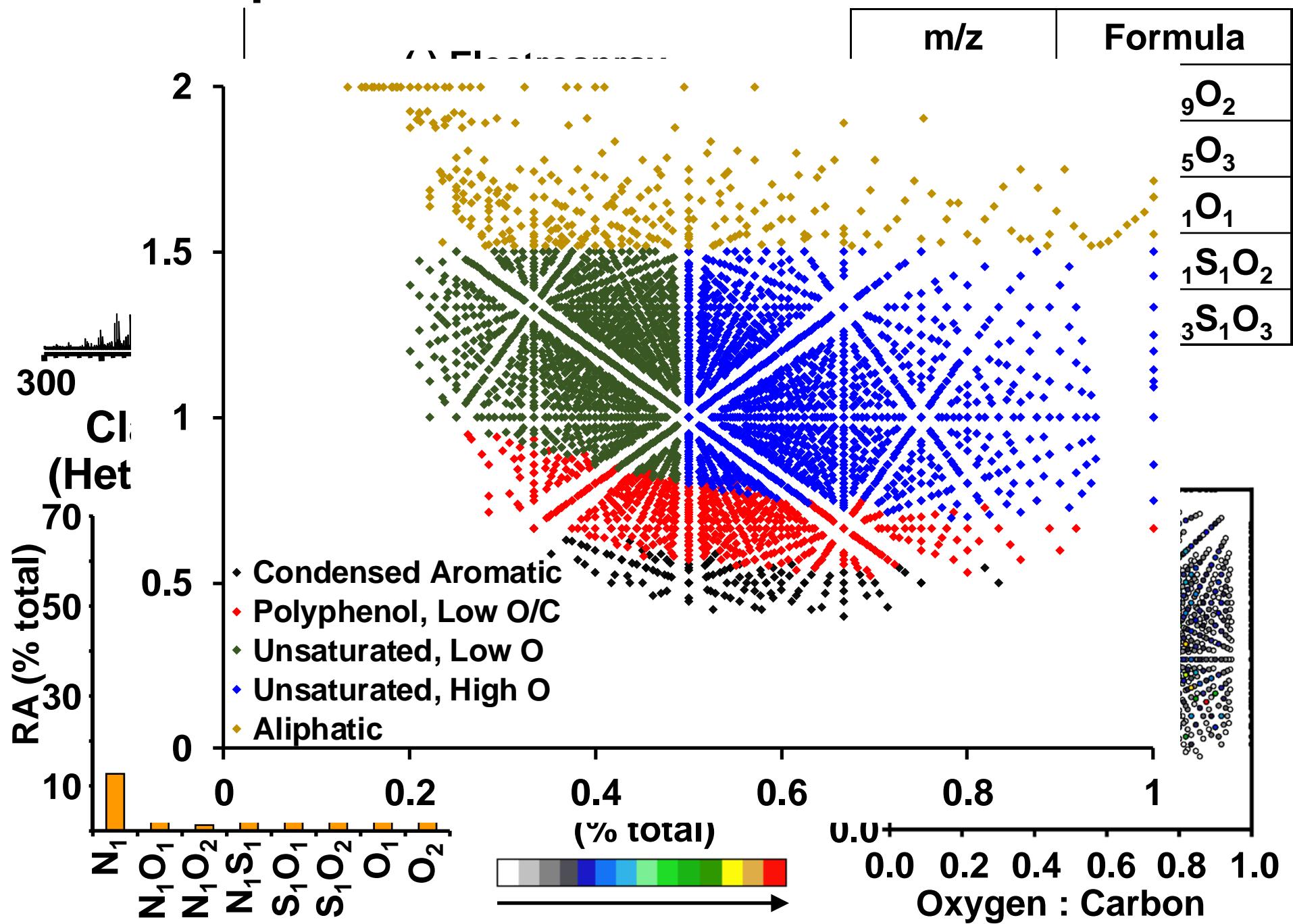


Molecular-Level Composition and Structure

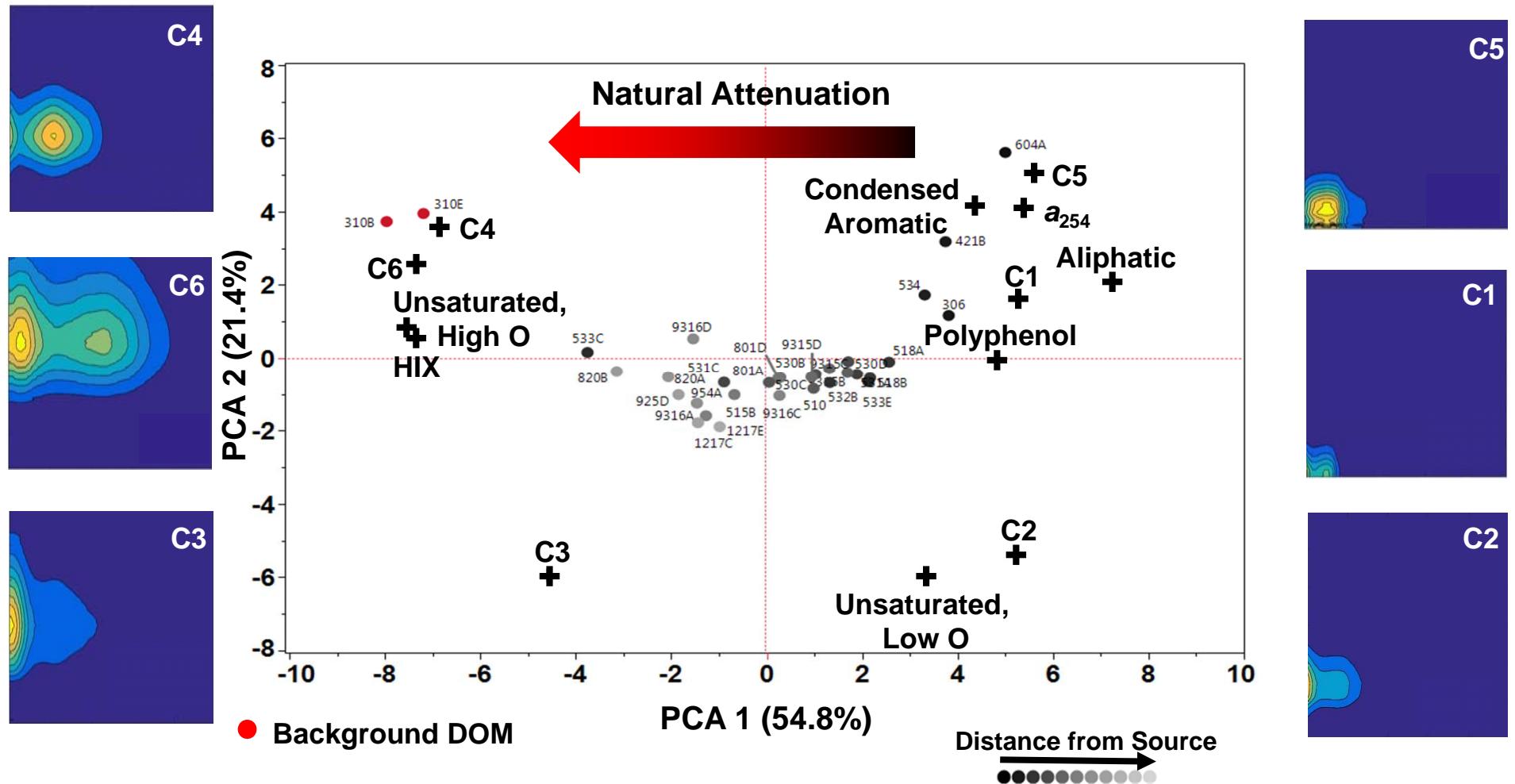
# Ultrahigh Resolution Mass Spectrometry



# Compositional Information from FT-ICR MS



# Natural Attenuation of DOM<sub>HC</sub> at the Molecular Level by Optical Spectroscopy and UHR-MS

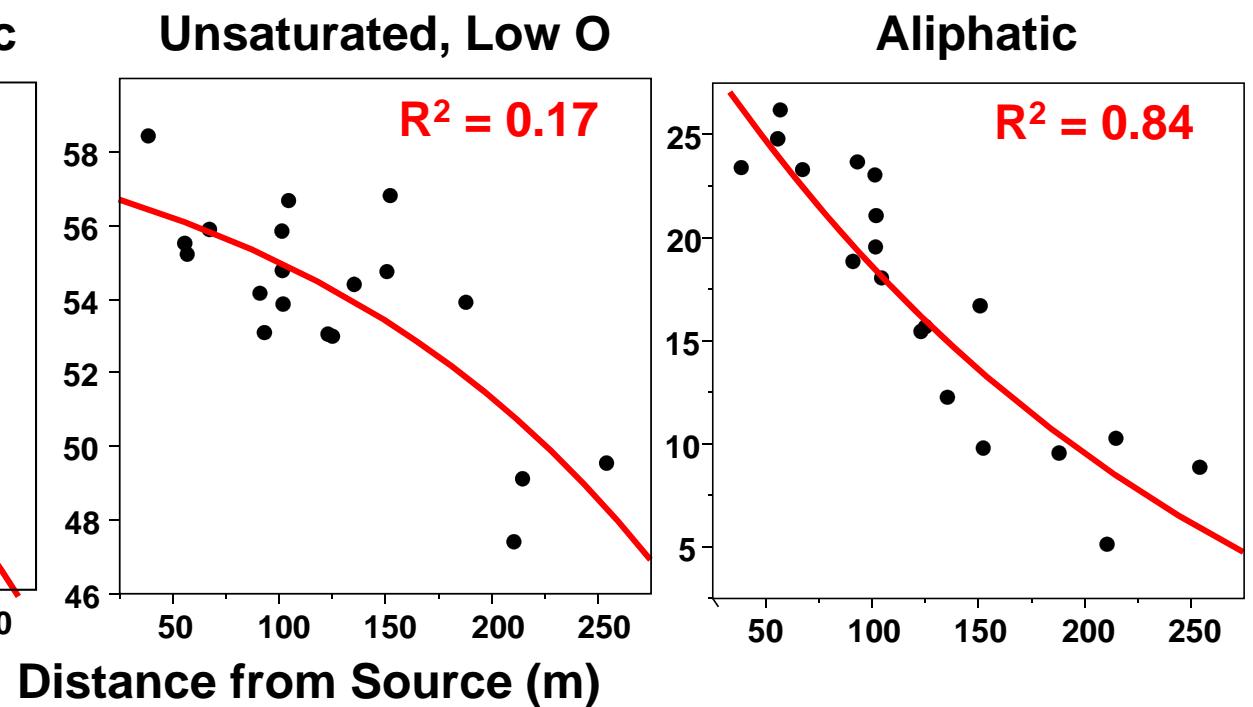
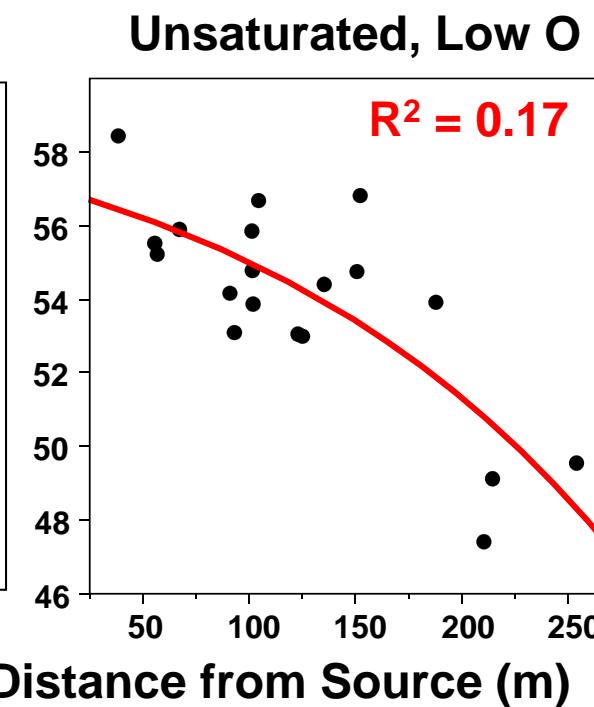
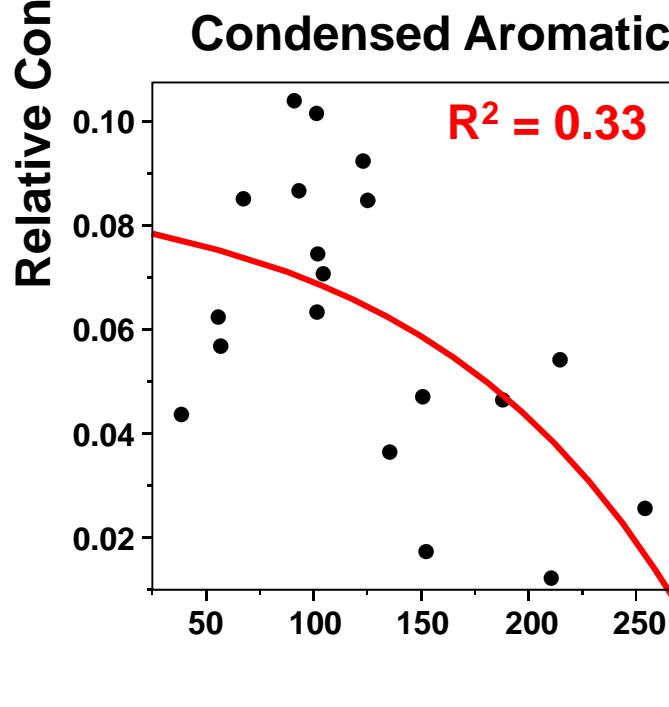
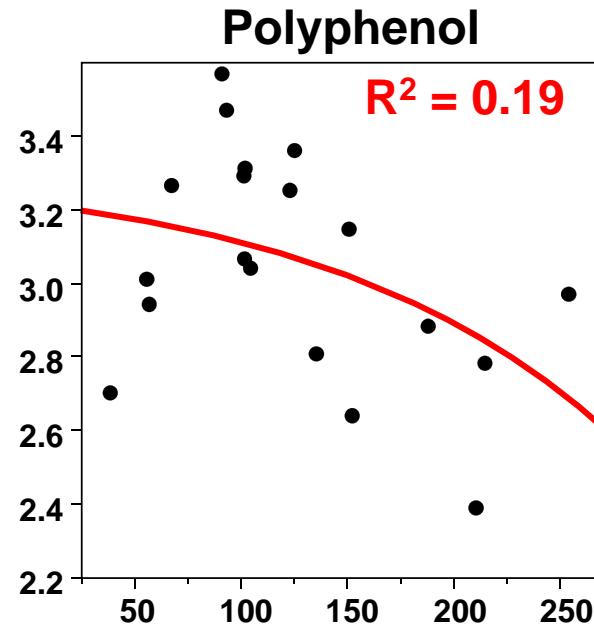
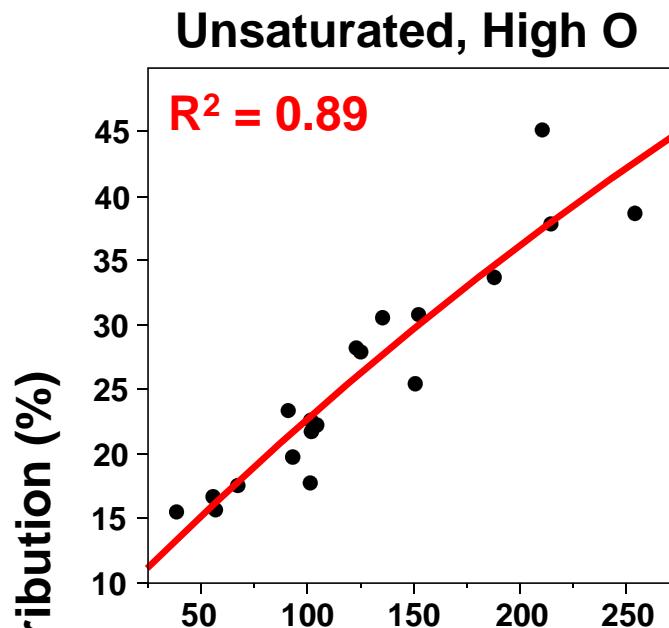


HIX = Humification Index

C1-C6 = PARAFAC Components 1-6

$a_{254}$  = Absorbance at 254 nm

# Compositional Continuum by UHR-MS



Distance from Source (m)

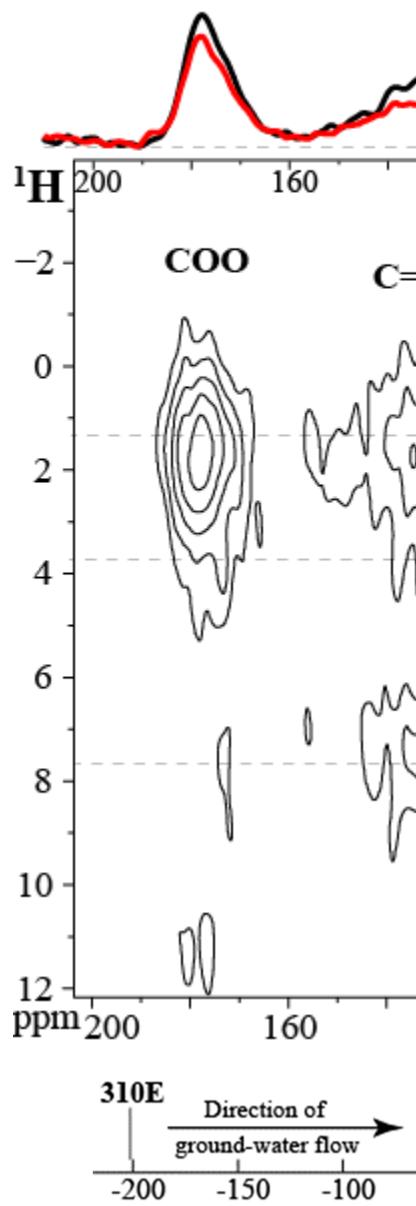
$^1\text{H}$ )

aliphatic OC carbons  
near alkyl  
components, not in  
hydrates.

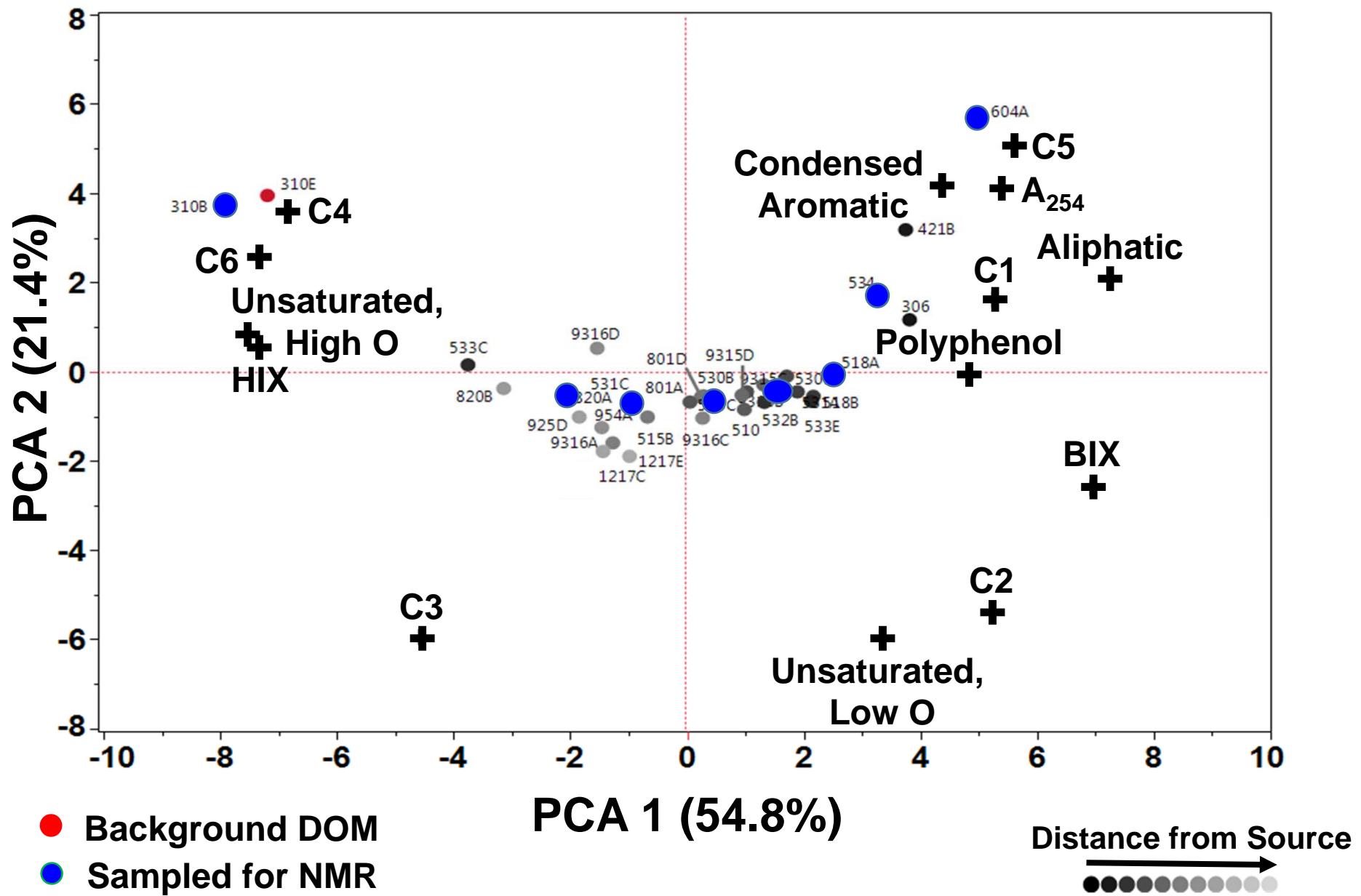
near alkyl  
component.

oxygen groups are  
only attached to  
carbons:  
oxyxylated aliphatic  
cyclic?) molecules.

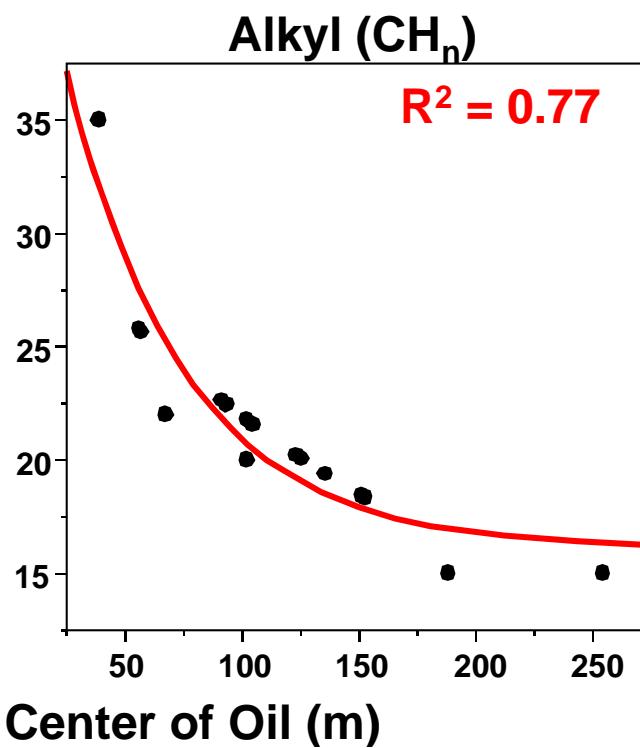
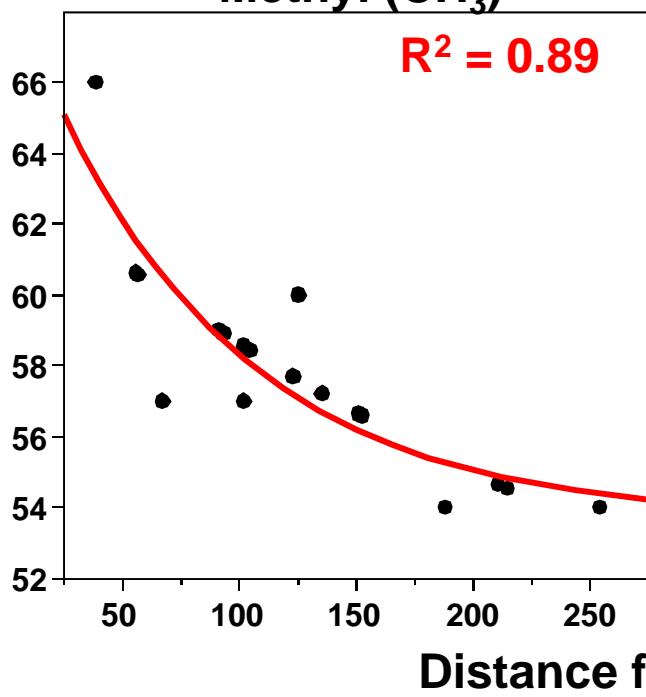
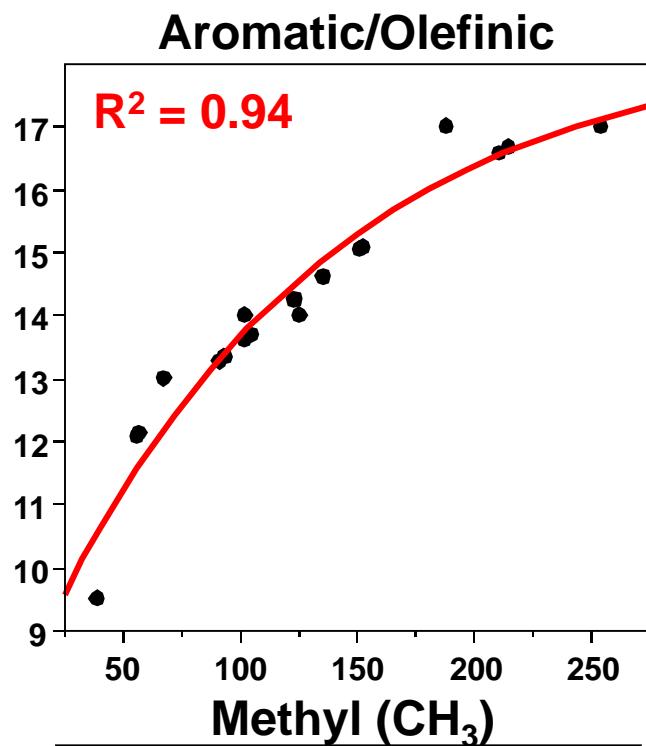
Well 9315C



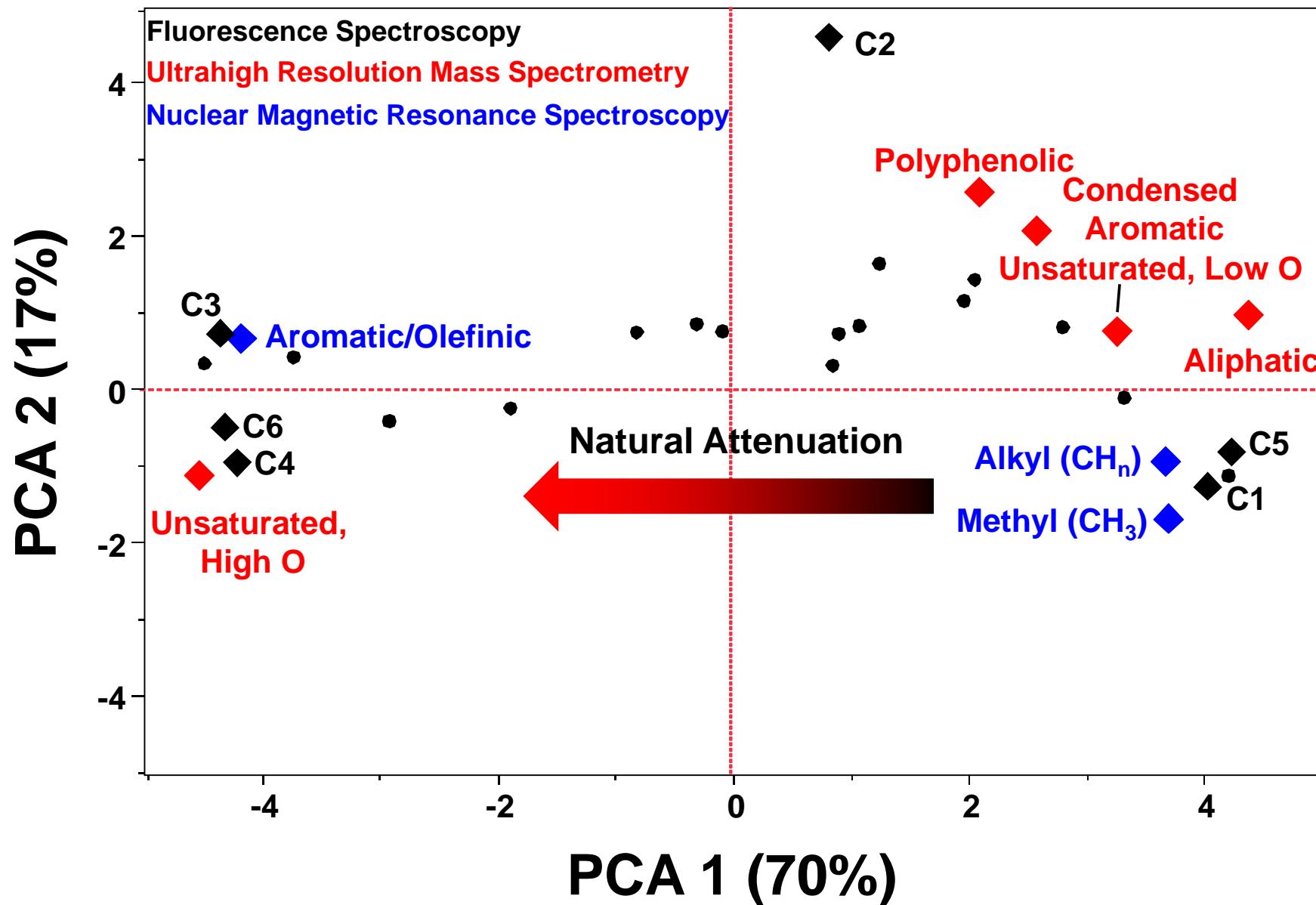
# Structural Continuum by NMR Spectroscopy



# Structural Continuum by NMR Spectroscopy



# Relationship between Molecular Level Composition, Structure and Optical Properties of DOM<sub>HC</sub>



# Acknowledgements

- Jeanne Jaeschke
- Jared Trost
- Andrew Berg
- Bemidji Field Team



# Questions?

