

Removal of Selenium from Refinery Wastewater Using Sulfur-Modified Iron (SMI)

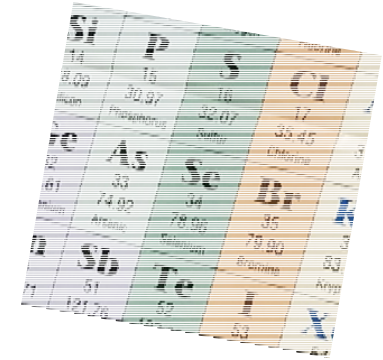
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Selenium Basics

- Metalloid; common forms:
 - Selenite, Se(IV): SeO_3^{2-}
 - Selenate, Se(VI): SeO_4^{2-}
- Essential nutrient in small amounts (10-75 $\mu\text{g}/\text{day}$)
- Toxic at higher levels
- Federal MCL 0.05 mg/L
- Sources in drinking water
 - Discharge from refineries or mines
 - Natural deposits



A tilted, colorful periodic table of elements, showing various chemical symbols and atomic numbers. The table is oriented diagonally, with elements like Si, P, S, Cl, Fe, As, Se, Br, Sb, Te, and I visible.



Selenium and Refineries

- Present in sour crude oil
- Carried through refining process; sour water stripper conc. $\sim 1 \text{ mg/L}$
- Existing removal methods
 - Iron co-precipitation
 - Bioremediation
 - Evaporation
- Existing methods often \$\$\$, difficult to operate, generate sludge, or require space

SMI®-III Basics

- Granular, iron-based media
 - Patented
 - NSF certified
 - Around for > 20 years
- Removes As, Se, Cr(VI), Hg, nitrate
- Removal occurs through adsorption and/or chemical reaction
- Used ex situ
- Spent media can be recycled



Using SMI

- Shipped dry
- Once wet, must remain wet
- Flow is upflow
- Must be “fluffed” periodically to prevent cementation
- Iron may be released
- Complete systems available



Screening Level Column Tests

- 60 mL syringe
- 50 mL (~ 100 g) SMI
- EBCT 10-20 min
(2.5-5 mL/min)
- Upflow
- Measure Se and other parameters after ~ 100 bed volumes



Waters Tested

- Sour water stripper (SWS) effluent
 - Non-phenolic
 - Phenolic / oily
- Oily water sewer
- Chemical sewer
- Mixed sources
- As Received pH: 6-12
- Contains selenate, selenite, selenocynate





Pre-treatment Options

- None
- pH adjustment (to ~ 6)
- Removal of oil (via polymer)
- Oxidation of Se (via peroxide)

Selenium Removal – Screening

Site	Water Type/Source	Pre-treatment	EBCT	Total Selenium, mg/L		% Removed
			min	Influent	Effluent	
Site A	SW-A	none	10	0.92	< 0.010	100
Site A	SW-B	oil removal	10	1.5	0.43	71
Site A	SW-B	oil removal	10	1.4	0.64	54
Site A	SW-B	oil removal	10	2.1	1.1	48
Site A	SW-B	oil removal	10	2.1	1.1	48
Site A	SW-B	Oil removal + oxidation	10	2.1	0.73	65
Site B	SW-A	none	10	0.25	0.28	-12
Site B	SW-B	none	10	0.64	< 0.010	100
Site B	SW-C	none	10	1.6	0.58	64
Site B	SW-C	pH adjust	10	1.4	0.54	61
Site B	SW-C	none	20	1.3	0.18	86
Site C	pond infl.	none	10	0.076	0.015	80
Site C	sewer	none	10	0.1	0.063	37
Site D	chem sewer	pH adjust	15	0.82	0.52	37
Site D	mixed sources	pH adjust	10	0.86	0.73	15
Site D	mixed sources	none	20	0.9	0.51	43

Site A, SW-A (100% Removal)

Analyte	Units	Influent	Effluent
Selenium			
dissolved	mg/L	n.m.	< 0.010
total	mg/L	0.92	< 0.010
pH	--	7.0	5.7
Color	--	Pink/orange	Pale yellow

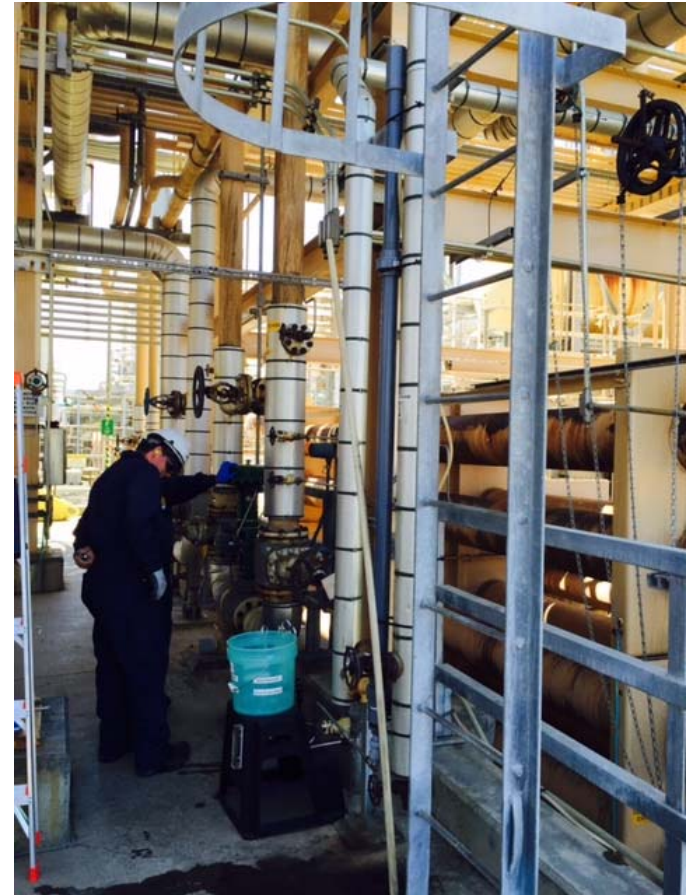
No pretreatment; 10 min EBCT

- Complete As removal
- As removal due to adsorption within the bed, not co-precipitation with iron
- pH change atypical



Site A – SW-A Field Pilot

Parameter	Value
Diameter, in (cm)	2 (5.1)
Bed height, in (cm)	40 (102)
EBCT, min	5
Influent Se, $\mu\text{g/L}$	650 – 1,200
Effluent Se, $\mu\text{g/L}$	< 5 (no breakthrough)
Backwash frequency	24-48 hrs
Duration	6 months
Capacity	> 12 mg Se / g SMI
Next Steps	60 gpm unit to be delivered Spring 2018



Site B, SW-B (100% Removal)

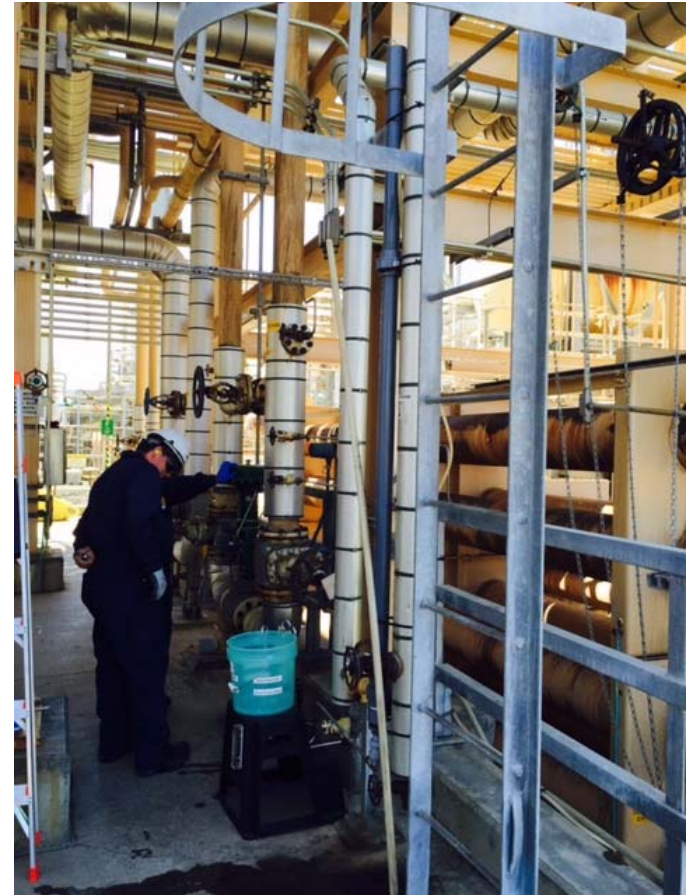
Analyte	Units	Influent	Effluent
Selenium (total)	mg/L	0.64	< 0.010
Iron (total)	mg/L	< 0.60	12
pH	--	9.1	6.2
Color	--	Light brownish orange/slightly cloudy	Brownish yellow

No pretreatment; 10 min EBCT

- SMI effective at elevated pH
- As removal due to adsorption within the bed, not co-precipitation with iron
- Post-treatment iron removal may be required

Site B – SW-B Field Pilot

Parameter	Value
Diameter, in (cm)	2 (5.1)
Bed height, in (cm)	40 (102)
EBCT, min	5
Influent Se, $\mu\text{g/L}$	850
Effluent Se, $\mu\text{g/L}$	< 5 (no breakthrough)
Backwash frequency	24 hrs
Duration	3 weeks
Next Steps	Studying full size system





Summary / Conclusions

- Screening level tests demonstrated SMI can remove Se from refinery waste streams.
- Pre-treatment may be needed to achieve complete removal
- Iron removal may be needed post-treatment, but no other sludge formed
- Long-term effectiveness of SMI borne out in 6 month field pilot
- Capacity > 12 mg Se/g SMI

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