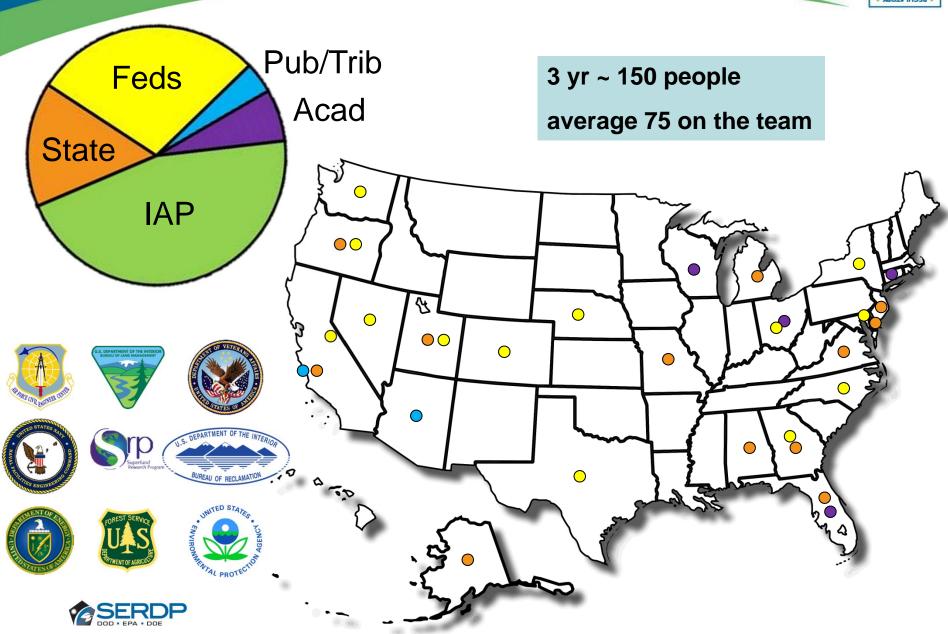
# Evaluation of Bioavailability of Contaminants in Soil: State-of-the-Art Guidance from ITRC

C. Sorrentino
K. Durant
L. Hay-Wilson











If you need to leave now:

It works and it's a win-win

(save \$ AND is protective)

Not for all sites

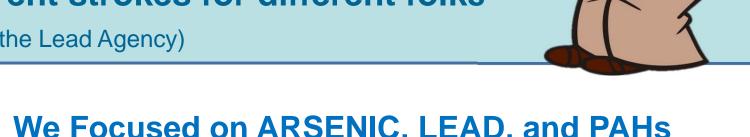
(but <u>VERY</u> useful when appropriate)

Not a "one-size-fits-all" solution

(sorry)

Different strokes for different folks

(Check the Lead Agency)



We Focused on ARSENIC, LEAD, and PAHs



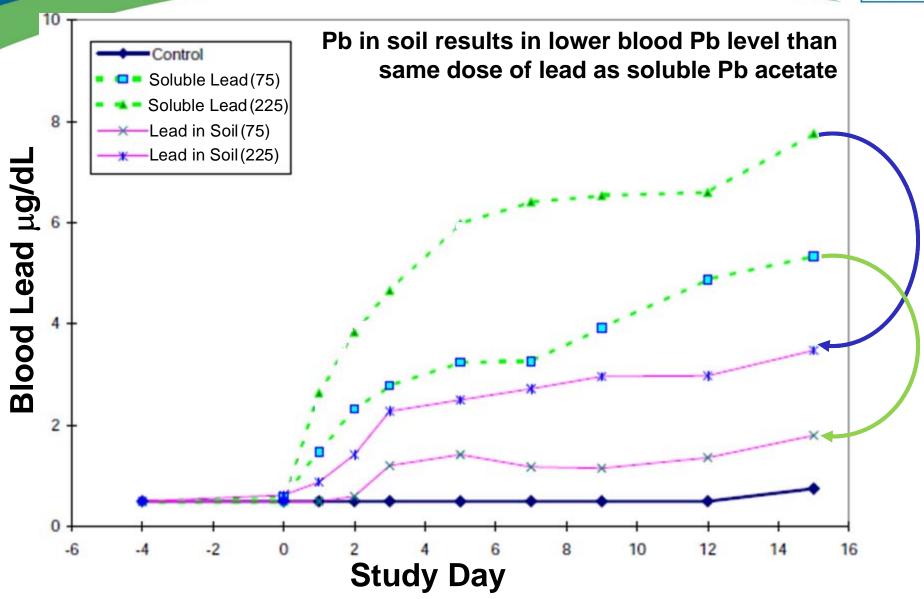
# **Site-Specific Bioavailability**

- Reduce Uncertainty in Exposure Assessment
- Improve Human Health Risk Assessment
- Better Risk Management Decisions
- More Rational Use of Resources Same Protection



#### **RBA – Relative Oral Bioavailability**





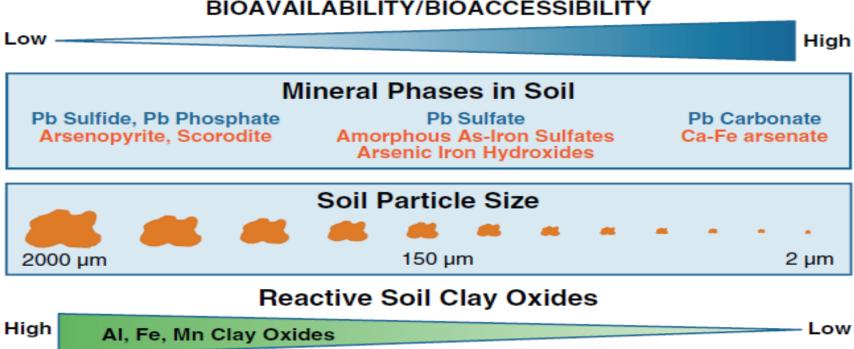
ITRC BCS-1 Section 6.3

Source: U.S. EPA OSWER 9285.7-77 2007



#### FACTORS AFFECTING LEAD AND ARSENIC BIOAVAILABILITY

#### BIOAVAILABILITY/BIOACCESSIBILITY







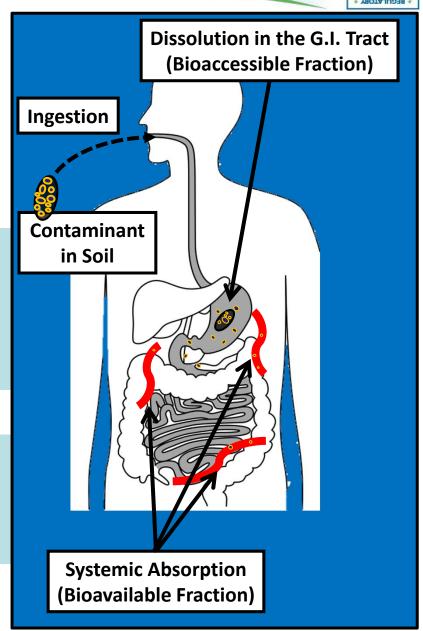
# Bioavailability vs Bioaccessibility

#### **Bioavailability**:

The portion of a chemical that is absorbed by a living organism and reaches the central compartment (blood)

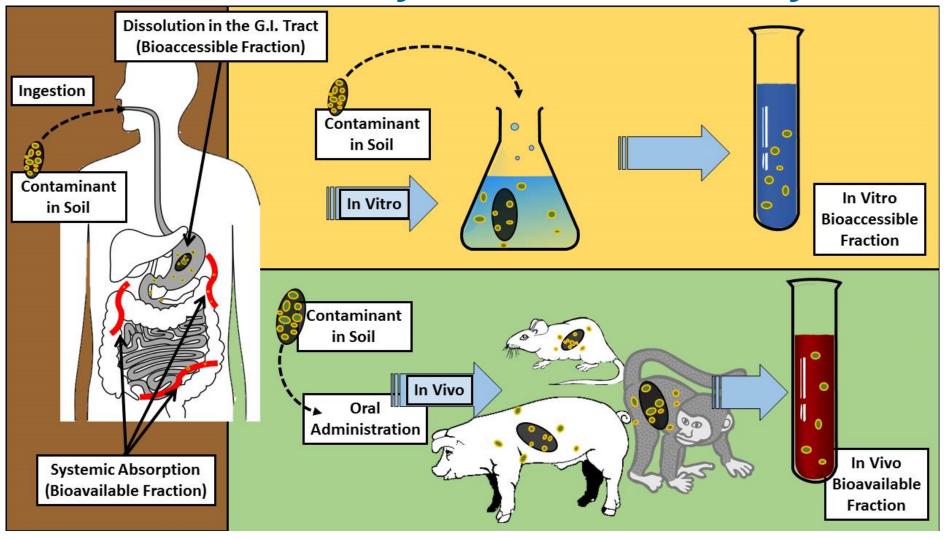
#### **Bioaccessibility**:

The fraction of a chemical that <u>may</u> be available for uptake by an organism.





# Bioavailability vs Bioaccessibility

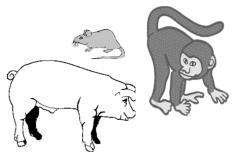




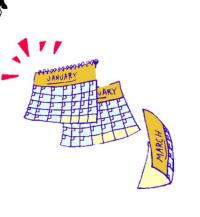
## **BIOAVAILABILITY**

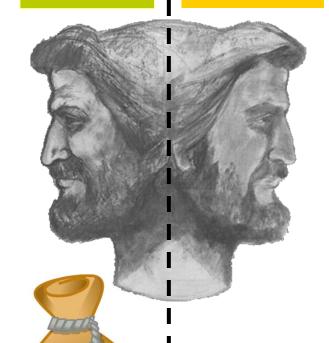
### BIOACCESSIBILITY

In Vivo In Vitro

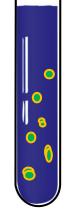












Tens of Thousands

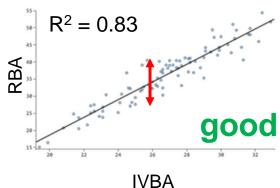


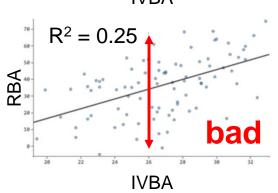


# Can Bioaccessibility Predict Bioavailability?

#### **IVIVC:** In Vivo In Vitro Correlation

- wide range of soil types (including yours)
- goodness of fit
- magnitude of prediction error





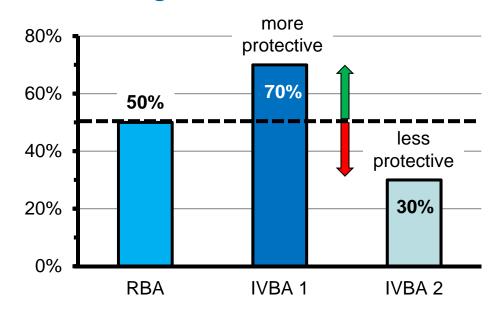


# Can Bioaccessibility Predict Bioavailability?

#### **IVIVC:** In Vitro-In Vivo Correlation

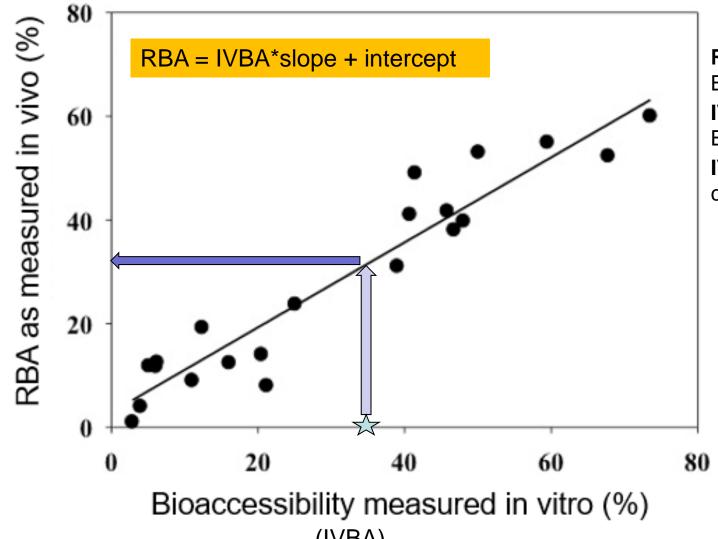
- results repeatable within and among labs
- over- or under-prediction





## Using an IVIVC to Predict RBA





**RBA**: Relative Oral

Bioavailability

IVBA: In Vitro Bioaccessibility

IVIVC: In Vivo - In Vitro

correlation

(IVBA)

ITRC BCS-1 Figure 7-2

Source: DTSC 2016

## **RBA Results into HHRA**



Exposure = 
$$\frac{C_s \times RBA \times IR \times EF \times ED}{BW \times AT}$$

C <sub>s</sub>	(Concentration in soil)	=	site-specific, mg/kg
RBA	(Relative bioavailability)	=	site-specific, unitless
IR	(Ingestion rate)	=	mg soil / day
EF	(Exposure Frequency)	=	days / year
ED	(Exposure Duration)	=	years
AT	(Averaging time)	=	days
BW	(Body weight)	=	kg

#### ITRC BCS-1 Section 9.1.3.2

#### It's NOT for All Sites (How to Decide) Does the project focus on human exposure to NO contaminated soil? YES NO Does the project focus on soil ingestion? , YES Is there a method available? YES NO NO STOP! Bioavailability Could bioavailability assessment affect the remedial decisions? applicable. STOP! This YES applicable. Do the benefits of bioavailability assessments justify the cost? **Steps to Conduct** Cost/Benefit Analysis Define data NO YES needs. Estimate bioavailability assessment costs. Conduct site-specific bioavailability assessment Estimate risk and cost reduction. Further Considerations

Regulatory

Constraints

Logistical

Constraints

**Technical** 

Constraints

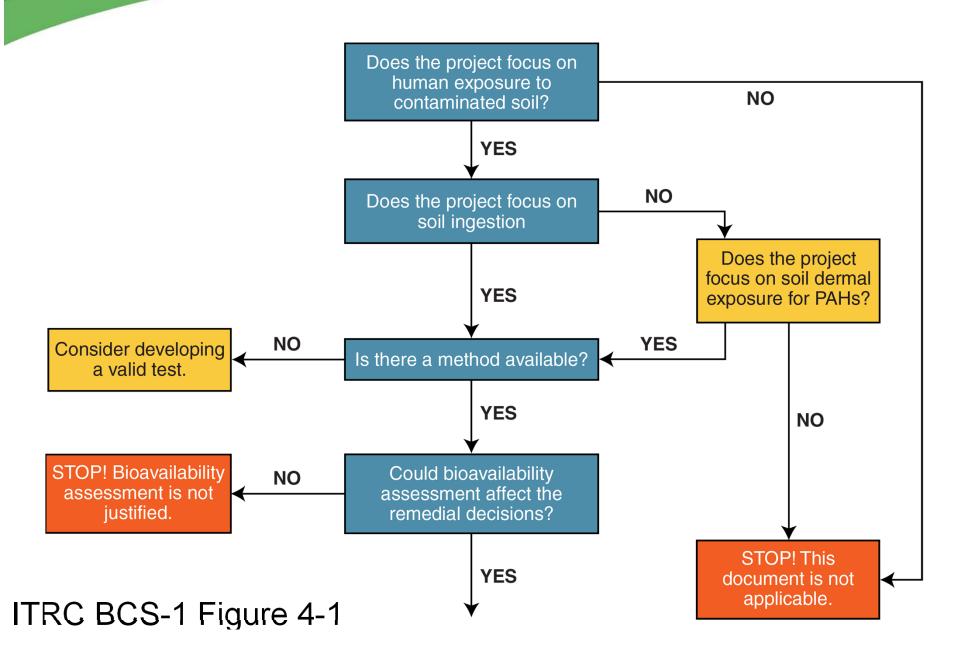
Public

Acceptance

ITRC BCS-1 Figure 4-1

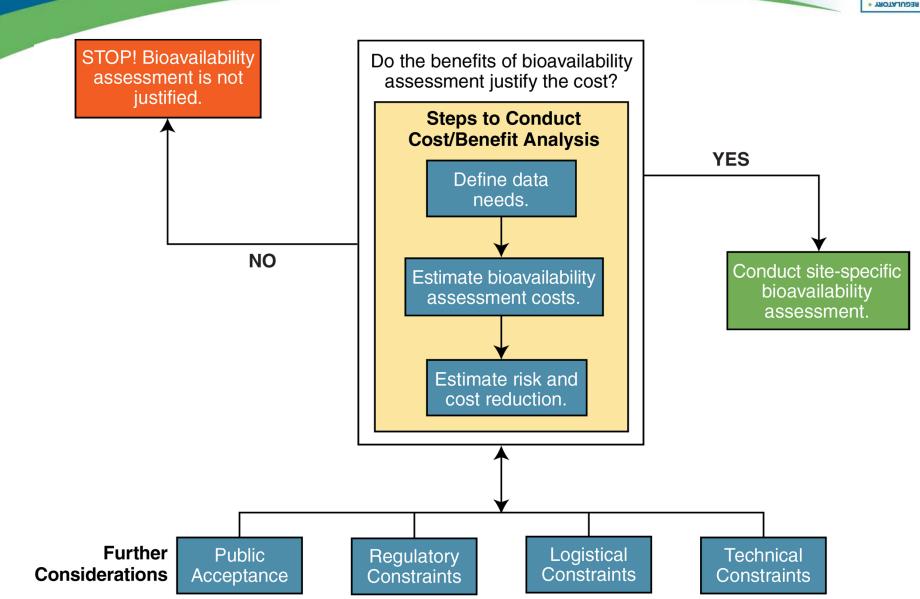
# It's NOT for All Sites (How to Decide)





# It's NOT for All Sites (How to Decide)

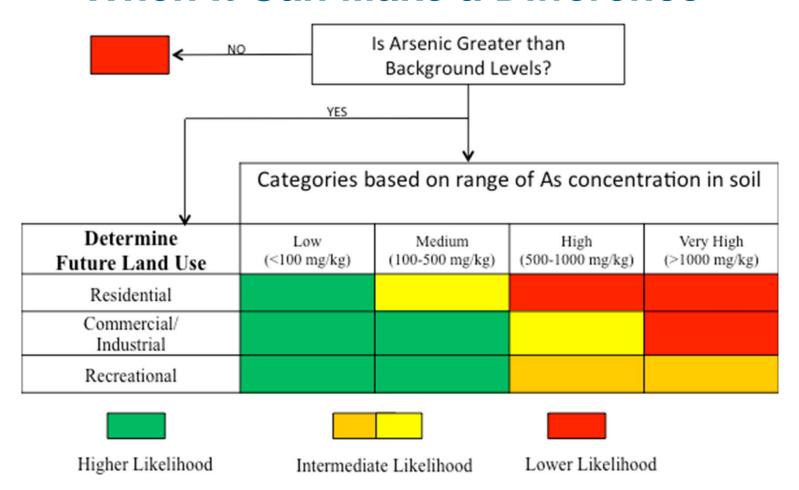




ITRC BCS-1 Figure 4-1



# **Use Site-Specific Bioavailability When It Can Make a Difference**



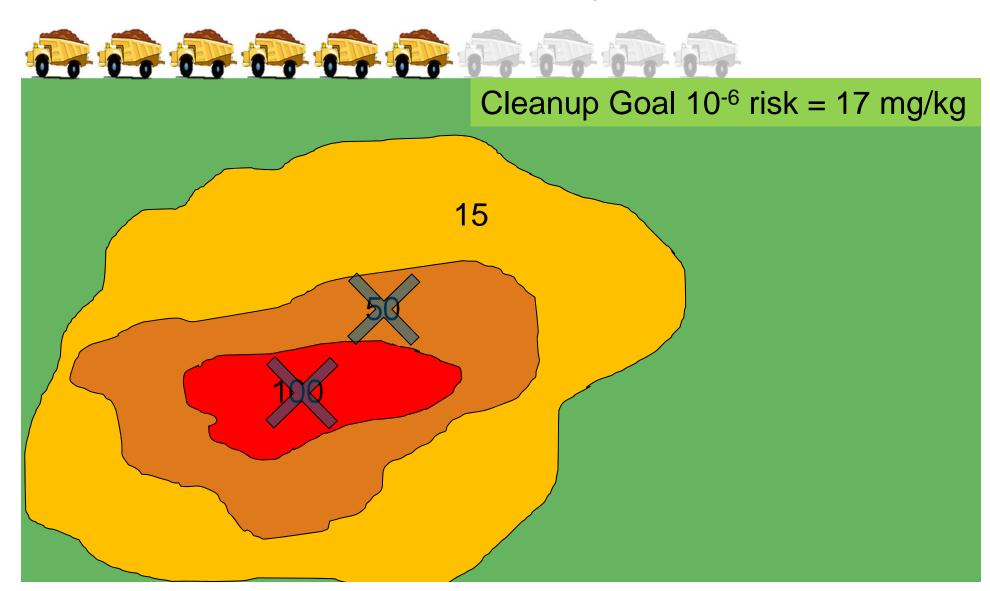


Bioavailability: 100%



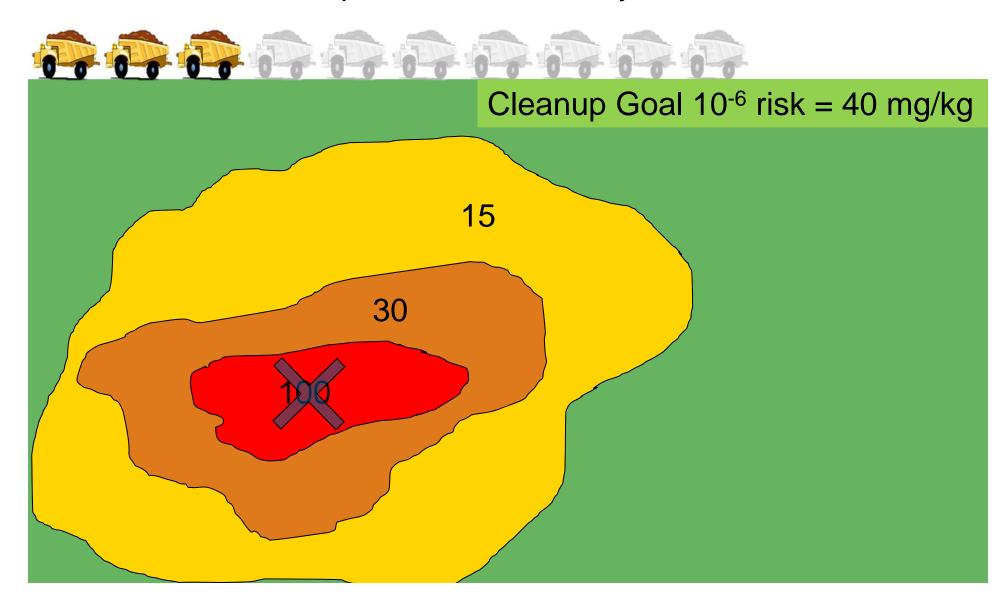


#### Default Bioavailability: 60%





Site-Specific Bioavailability: 25%





# **Engage Stakeholders Early During Planning**

- Can be controversial for stakeholders
- Perception that it is in favor of the polluters
- Need buy-in from the regulators
- Not well known/established
- Be transparent and earn trust





#### What You Should Remember:

- It works and it's a win-win (save \$ AND is protective)
- Not for all sites
   (but <u>VERY</u> useful when appropriate)
- Not a "one-size-fits-all" solution (sorry)
- Different strokes for different folks (Check the Lead Agency)

We focused on ARSENIC, LEAD, and PAHs



# Bioavailability in Contaminated Soil 2016 ITRC Team of the Year



Team Leaders: C. Sorrentino & K. Durant (CA DTSC) (DE DNREC)

L. Hay Wilson Program Advisor



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Hunter Anderson
Nicholas Basta
Paul Beam
Marlena Brewer
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Ahmet Bulbulkaya
Michele Burgess
Teresa Caputi

Sandip Chattopadhyay Jeremy Clark Jeffrey A. Clock

Otakuye Conroy-Ben

Scott Dwyer
Scott Everett
Brendlyn Faison
Norman Forsberg
Jessica Goin
Jose Gomez-Eyles
Valerie Hanley
Sonal Iyer
Walsta Jean-Baptiste
Deborah Johnston
Lawrence Kellum
Karen Kinsella
Ronald Kotun

Kate Kucharzyk

Daniel Letinski
Gladys Liehr
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Yvette Lowney
Diana Marquez
Morgan McGee-Solomon
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Anita Meyer
Marjorie Norman
Gbekeloluwa Oguntimein
Divinia Ries
Stephen Roberts
Pamela Rodgers

Chad Roper

Barrie Sel
Elizabeth Semkiw
Geoff Siemering
James Smith
Peter Strauss
Hans Stroo
Alex Teimouri
MRutheyi Thompson
Bryn Thoms
Usha Vedagiri
Justice Williams
Lynn Woodbury
Stephen Zemba