

# **Weather-Related Power Outage Prediction**

## **An Application of Machine-Learning and Impact Modeling**

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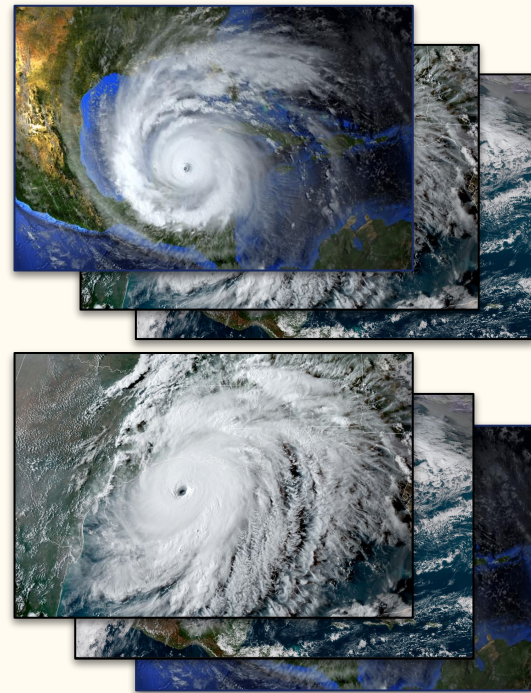
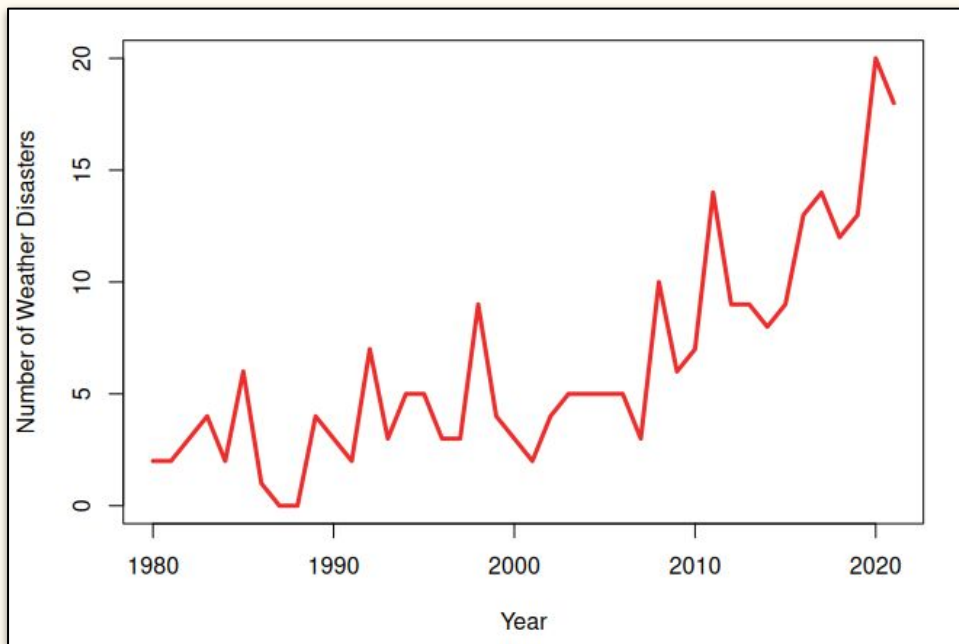
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Eversource Energy Center, University of Connecticut

Battelle Conference on Innovations in Climate Resilience, March 28th 2022

# Background

## Frequency of Disastrous\* Weather Events in the USA

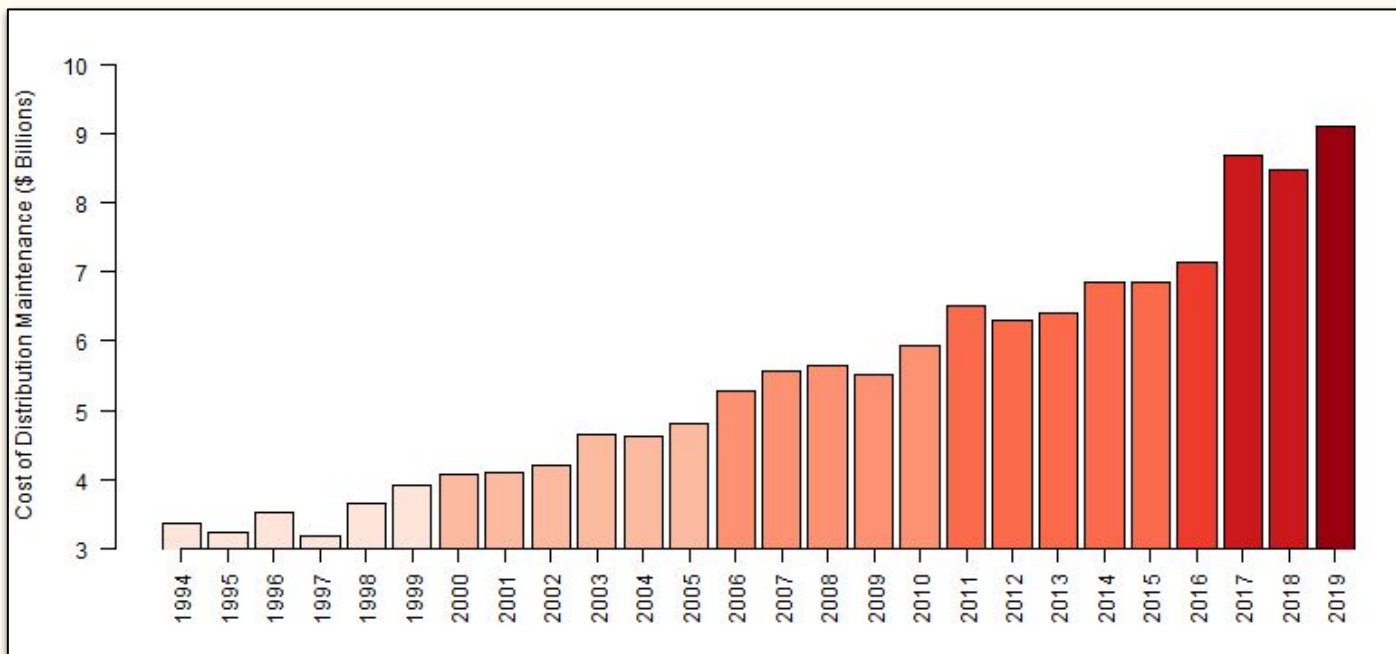


\* Causing \$1 Billion in damages or more, Data from NOAA: [ncdc.noaa.gov/billions](https://www.ndbc.noaa.gov/billions)



# Background

## Annual Costs to Repair Weather-Related Power Outages in Power Distribution Systems



Data from Federal Energy Regulatory Commission F1 Reports



# Problem & Solution

*Storm response is inefficient because storm damages are difficult to predict.*

Better understanding of storm impacts would:

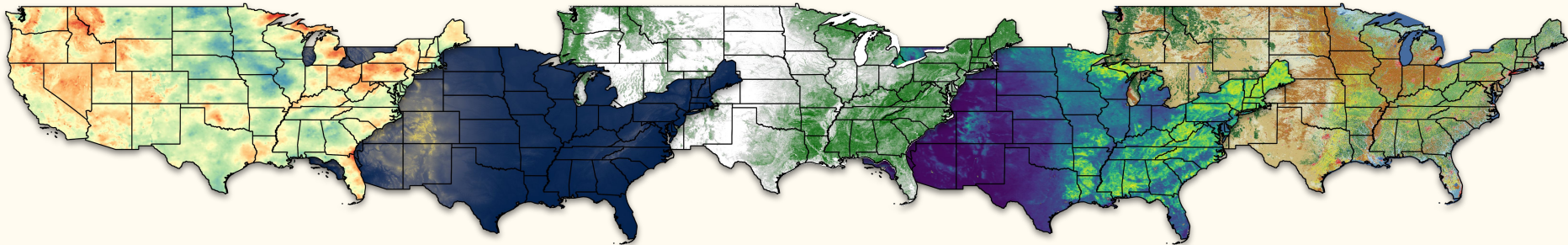
- Help utilities prepare
- Shorten/reduce power outages
- Save utilities money
- Improve customer relations



# Methods - Multidisciplinary

To predict storm damages we combine:

- Machine Learning
- Spatial Analytics
- Physical Modeling
- Environmental Science

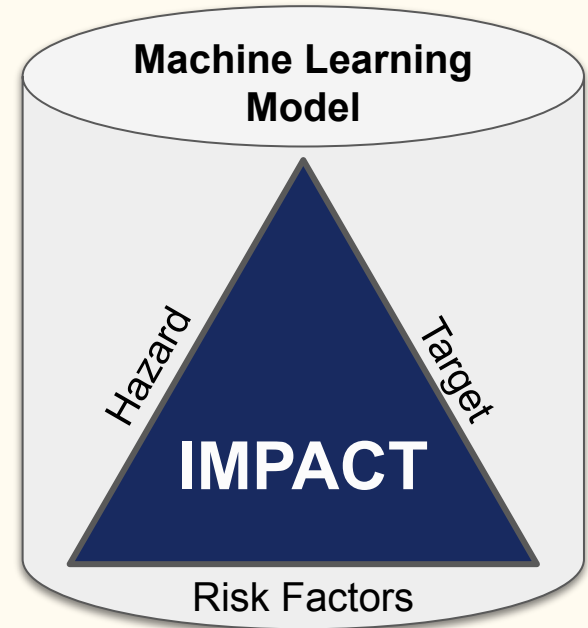




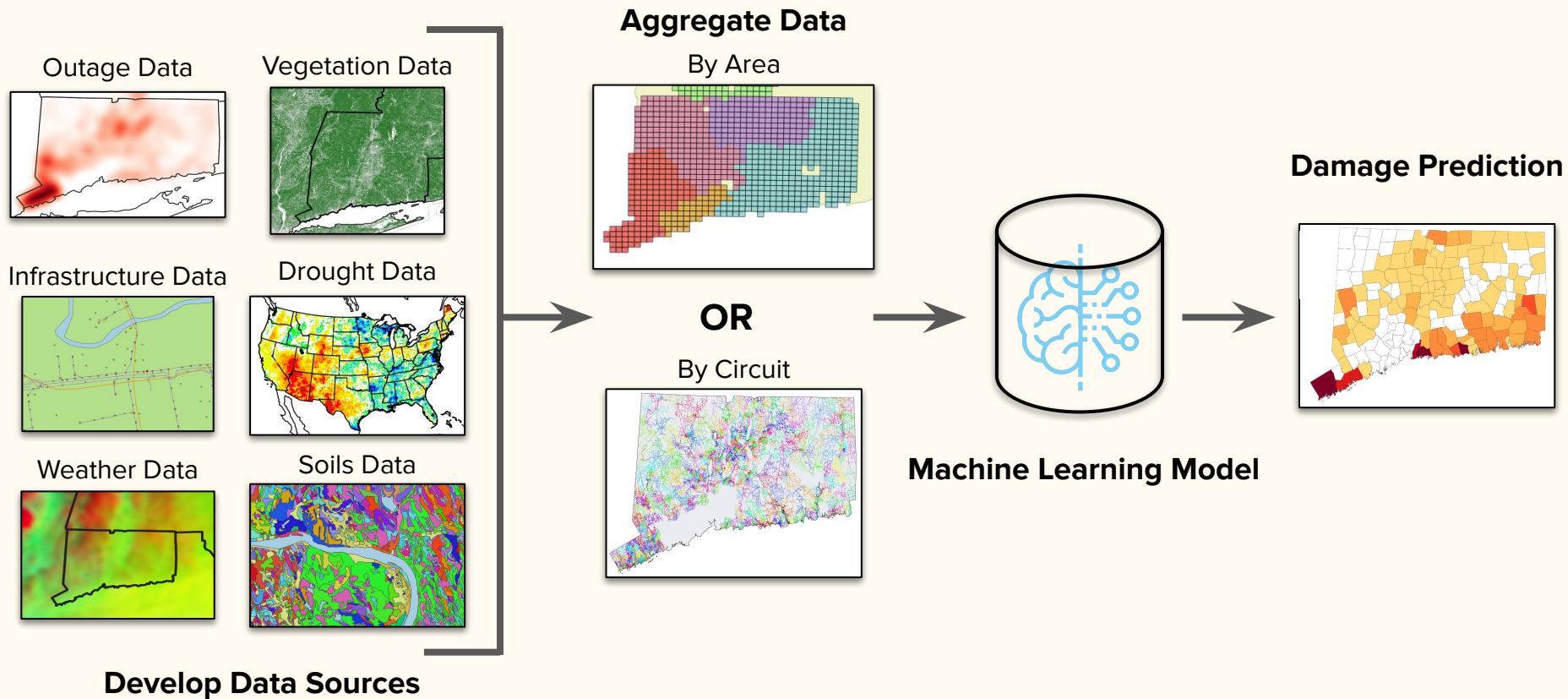
# Methods - Data-Driven Impact Modeling

It's important to include data about:

- **The Hazard:**
  - Extreme Weather
- **The Target:**
  - Power Distribution Infrastructure
- **The Risk Factors:**
  - Vegetation, Soils, Elevation, etc
- **The Impact:**
  - Power Outages: “Trouble Spots”



# Methods - Architecture





# Operational Development - Domain

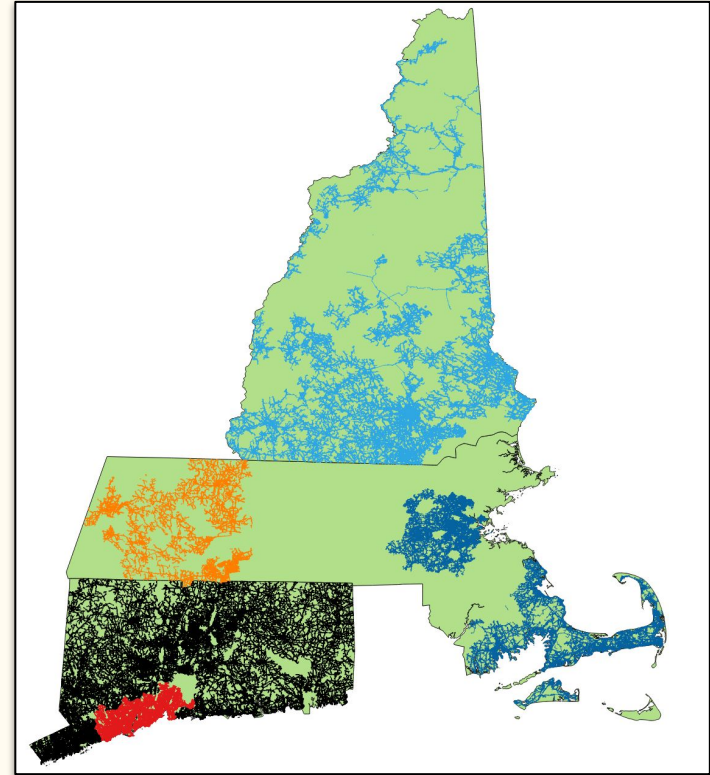
The UConn OPM has been operational for years in parts of:

- Connecticut
- New Hampshire
- Massachusetts

Currently in development for:

- New York

Our ability to build models is limited by access to data and utility partnerships



**The Outage Prediction Model Domain**



# Operational Development - Models

There operational models for different types of weather:

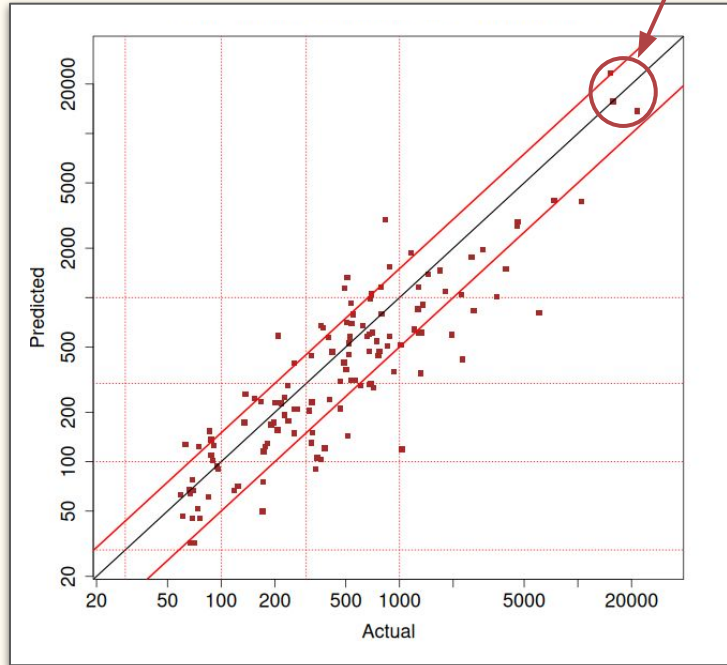
- High Impact Storms
- Rain / Wind Storms
- Thunderstorms
- Winter Storms

Weather forecasts and models can limit the accuracy of outage forecasts



# Accuracy

Tropical Storms  
Sandy, Irene, Isaias



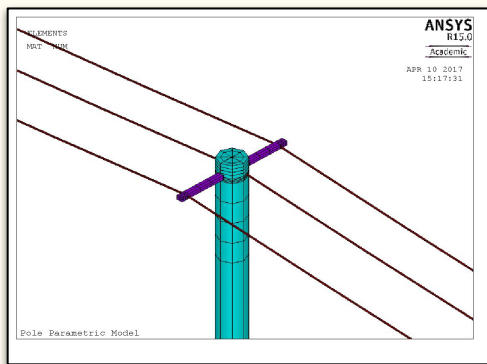
- We predict ‘Trouble Spots’
- This is an ‘out-of-sample’ evaluation of the outage model
- Perfectly accurate predictions along 45° line
- Very good at capturing the magnitude of the impact of storms
  - This is *critical* information for storm preparation

## Outage Model Cross-Validation Results

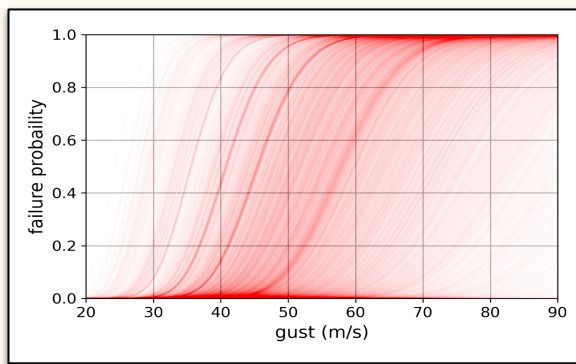
$R^2$ : 0.78, MAPE: 44%

# Applications: Evaluating Resilience Upgrades

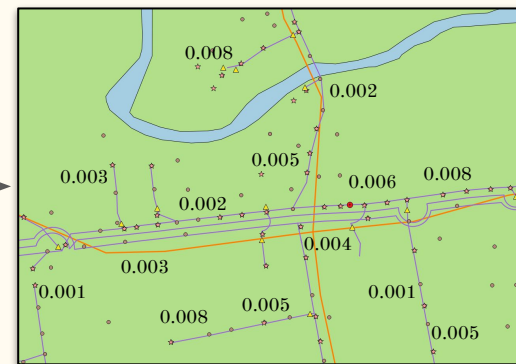
Proposed changes to physical infrastructure can be evaluated and effects quantified



Physical Simulations



Fragility Curves

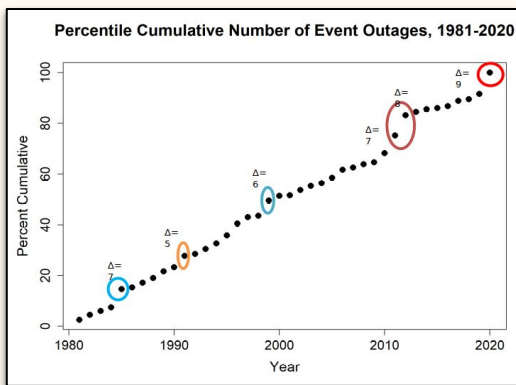


Granular Infrastructure Vulnerability

# Applications: Long Term Vulnerability Analysis

The outage model can be used to estimate frequency and intensity of storms over long periods:

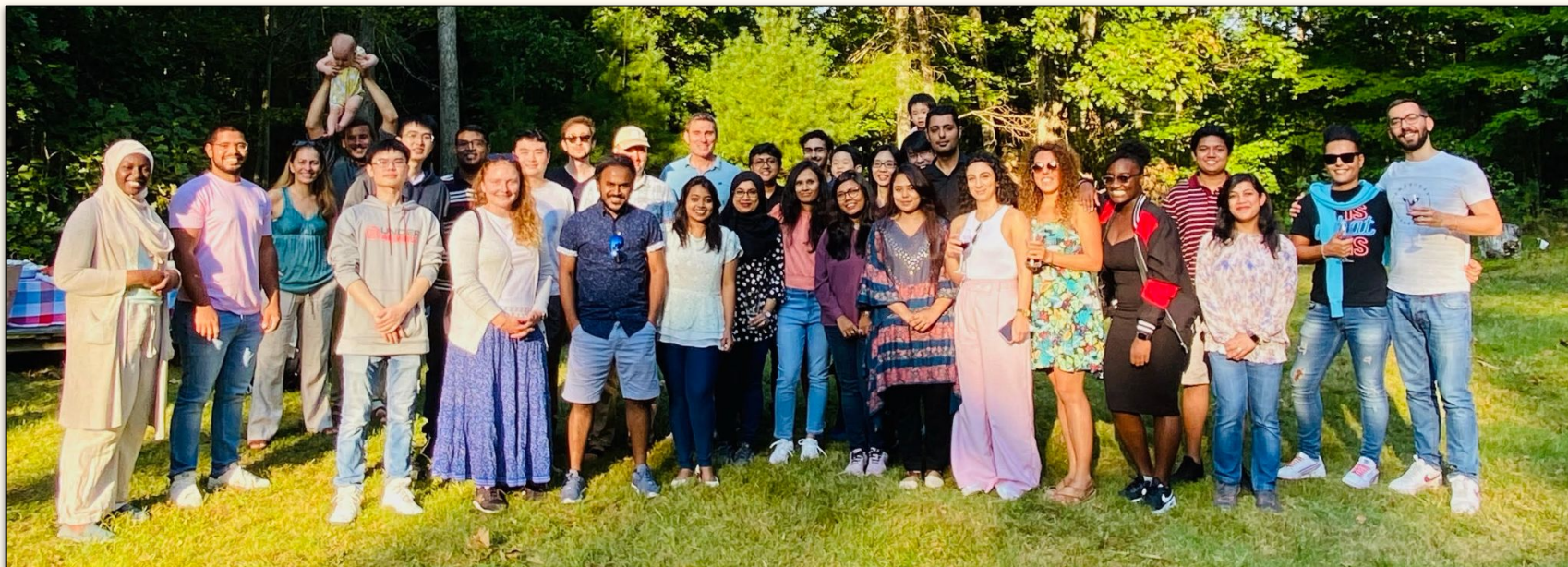
- Generate return frequencies for outage events
- Estimate future impacts via global climate projections



## Return Period of Major Outage Events in CT

| Gloria   | Bob      | Irene    | Sandy    | Floyd    | Isaias   |
|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| 12 years | 16 years | 29 years | 31 years | 40 years | 50 years |

# Acknowledgements



Large Team, Years of Effort!

# Thank you!!



Questions, Comments, Feedback to:

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